RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL. XIV. NO. 113— BOMBAY FRIDAY, MAY 14, 1926 ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES;

Daily Edition.

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25	Rs. 30
6 Months	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 15
3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-2	Rs. 2-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION

	Local.	Mofussil.	Foreign.
Yearly	Rs. 3/8	Rs. 4	Rs. 7

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

AMICHAND GOVANJI.

THE OLDEST AND MOST POPULAR CONFECTIONER'S DEPOT IN INDIA ESTABLISHED OVER HALF A CENTURY AGO.

Opposite Juma Masjid, Shaikh Memon Street, Out Fort, Bombay.

'Phone No. 670.

This establishment has been specially awarded the following certificates:—

Vegetarian Federal Union, 16, Farringdon Street, E. C.

We beg to inform the Vegetarian Federal Union of London that Amichand Govanji, the Indian Confectioner of Bombay, has been awarded a certificate from the Vegetarian Exhibition and Congress held in the year 1898 for the excellence and delicacy of his Confectionery.

(Sd.) W. HILL, Chairman.
(Sd.) HARRY PHILLIPS, Secretary.

LADWAS (sweet balls) of various description and sizes.

SUTTERFENNY (a fluid of thread-like round cake) sweetened and fragrant.

HALWAS of different descriptions such as (a) Mahim Halva (or Viv), (b) Saffron Halva with almonds, (c) Gunny Halva, (d) Rose-scented Halva, (e) Venila Halva, (f) Muskati Halva, (g) Ice Cream Halva, (h) Orange Halva.

All orders executed under competent supervision with care and promptitude.

No such so-called preparations are genuine unless purchased from our Depot, bearing our sign board and bearing a printed label on the wrappers as well.

No V. P. P. will receive our attention.

The generous public are requested to give us a trial.

32 Pillars of Strength
to prop up your decaying body
for RUPEE ONE only.
They are the world-renowned
Atank Nigrah Pills.
Particulars from
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY
JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar.)
Bombay Office: Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

F. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
15 May	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,080
22 "	RAWALPINDI		16,619
29 "	DELTA	MOOLTAN x	20,847
5 June	CHINA		7,952
12 "	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,941
19 "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
26 "	RAZMAK	MALOJA	20,837
3rd July	MOREA		10,918
10 "	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
17 "	RAJPUTANA		16,568
24 "	RAZMAK	NALDERA x	15,993
31st "	RAWALPINDI		16,619
7 Aug.	RAZMAK	BANPURA*	16,585
14 "	CHINA		7,952
21st "	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
28 "	KAISAR-I-HIND		11,430
4 Sept.	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	11,089
11 "	KASHMIR		8,985
18 "	DEVANHA	MOOLTAN x	20,847
25 "	RAJPUTANA		16,568
2nd Oct	RAZMAK	MALWA*	10,941
9 "	RAWALPINDI		16,619
16 "	RAZMAK	MALOJA x	20,837
23rd "	RANPURA		16,585
30 "	RAZMAK	MOREA*	10,918
6 Nov.	KAISAR-I-HIND	NALDERA x	11,430
13 "	RAZMAK		16,993
20 "	RANCHI		16,650
27 "	RAZMAK	MANTUA*	10,902
4 Dec.	RAJPUTANA		16,568
11 "	RAZMAK	NARKUNDA x	16,227
18 "	RAWALPINDI		16,619
25 "	RAZMAK	MACEDONIA*	14,089

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.

These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 24th September 1926, both dates inclusive.

The rates are as follows:—

To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions. ... £120
To Marseilles and back £100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
15th May	DURENDA*	7,241
13th July	MANORA	7,888
22nd "	MERKARA	8,285
12th August	MANELA	8,303
2nd Sept.	DUMANA	8,441

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey Passenger

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926		
14th May	JEYPORE* ..	China & Japan.
18th "	ATLANTIC MARU*	China & Japan.
22nd June	DELTA .. connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA ..	Straits, China & Japan. For Australia.
12th Oct.	DEVANHA ..	China & Japan

* Will not convey Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.

TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926		
14th May	VARELA ..	Busreh via Karachi
19th "	BANDRA ..	Busreh via Karachi & P. Gulf
21st "	VASNA ..	Busreh via Karachi.
26th "	KARAPARA..	East & S. Africa

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
*TAMBA MARU	5845	4 May	17 May
xMUKORAN M.	5374	19 May	25 May
*AWA MARU.	6028	28 May	11 June
GENOA MARU.	6785	20 June	2 July
*SADO MARU	5898	28 June	12 July

*Passenger Steamers. x For Tuticorin.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA,
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 20279. Telegrams: "Yusen."

NETHERLANDS TRADING SOCIETY.
BANKERS.
Nederlandsche Handel—Maatschappy.
(Incorporated in Holland.)
Established by Royal Charter 1824

Fully paid up Capital ..... F 80,000,000
= £ 6,666,666
Reserve Funds ..... F 43,196,861
= £ 3,599,738

Head Office at AMSTERDAM (Holland).
Agencies at ROTTERDAM & THE HAGUE
Head Agency at BATAVIA.

BRANCHES:

Dutch East Indies:—		
Bandjermasin	Macassar	Semarang
Bandoeng	Medan	Sourabaya
Cheribon	Padang	Solo
Djember	Palembang	Tegal
Djocja	Pekalongan	Tjilatjap
Kota Radja	Pontianak	Weltevreden

Straits Settlements:—Singapore, Penang.
British India:—Bombay, Calcutta, Rangoon.
Japan:—Kobe.
China:—Hongkong, Shanghai.

London Bankers:—The National Provincial Bank, Ltd.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on daily balance up to Rs. 100,000. If the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10 no interest will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed on terms to be ascertained on application.

LETTERS OF CREDIT DRAFTS issued on the above Agencies the principal Continental places, South Africa, America and Australia.

Every description of Banking, Exchange and Bullion business transacted.

BOMBAY OFFICE:—82, Esplanade Road
A. P. HOOGENSTEYN,
Actg.: Agent.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD.,
ESTABLISHED 1876.
NO. 85, MEDOWS STREET,
Behind Currency Bank.
FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,64,600.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 80 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:
GAJANAND SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

AMRUTANJAN
is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years' increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly
CURES ALL
aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises, chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas.
Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
ACHES AND PAINS

C. P. CEMENT
"SWASTIKA" Brand
IS THE
FINEST CEMENT manufactured at the LARGEST and MOST UP-TO-DATE FACTORY in India and GUARANTEED to be well above the British Standard Specification of 1925.
The Calcutta Port Commissioners have just placed a Contract for 15,750 Tons of this Cement to be delivered during this year for the construction of King George's Dock.
For Government Tests and other particulars:—
APPLY TO:
Messrs. SHAPOORJI PALLONJI & Co.,
70, Medows Street, Fort, : : : : : : BOMBAY.

INSURANCE.

WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Head Office:—SATARA CITY.
PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY.

Valuation	Year	Surplus disclosed.
First	1917	Rs. 11,532
Second	1920	Rs. 27,737
Third	1923	Rs. 1,16,544

No other Company started within 25 years could show equal results at the same age.

Excellent opportunity for reliable energetic men of position and ability to represent the Company.

For agency and other particulars please apply to:—
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
Satara City.

THE EAST & WEST INSURANCE CO., LTD.
65, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay
Invites special attention of the Public to their very attractive schemes of Life Insurance under Tables XII, XIII and XIV. Automatic non-forfeiture clause a speciality. Money paid never lost. AGENTS WANTED in unrepresented Districts.
For particulars apply to:—
DALAL & CO.,
Secretaries.

THE BHARAT INSURANCE CO., LTD.
LAHORE.
Unprecedented results of the Company's Operations during the five years ended 31st December, 1923.
DECLARATION of a RECORD REVERSIONARY BONUS of Rs. 100 per thousand on all profit participating Policies whether Whole Life or Endowment for 1919-23.
Intermediate Bonus at Rs. 15 per thousand per year on with Profit Policies for current quinquennium.
Prospective Assurers may please communicate without delay with the Head Office or with any of the Branches or Chief Agencies.
K. C. VIDYARTHI,
Manager.

INSURANCE.

THE VULCAN INSURANCE Co., Ltd
(Incorporated in India)
Fire, Marine, Motor Car and workmen's Compensation Insurance transacted.
CHAIRMAN—Sir JAMSETJEE JEJEEBHOY, BART.
CHIEF AGENTS—Messrs. CURRIMBHOY EBRAHIM & SON, Ltd.
HEAD OFFICE—Jehangir Wadia Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED IN UNREPRESENTED DISTRICTS.

PROFESSOR
GAJJAR'S PLAGUE SPECIFICS
(80 P. C. CURE)
PLAGUE SOLUTION:—for internal administration
BUBO OINTMENT:—for external application
GERMICIDE:—Preventive for Plague, Cholera, etc.
LIVER SOLUTION:—Best Laxative and purgative
AGUE MIXTURE:—for Malaria and Dengue, etc.
Best Cologne Water, all B. P. Tinctures, etc.
For Particulars write To:— M. J. GAJJAR,
IONIC PHARMACY, GIRGAUM, BOMBAY. 4.

B. C. P. W." ANTISEPTIC Tooth Powder An ideal dentifrice for daily use.
"B. C. P. W." RODOFEN Best Antiseptic Dental Cream
MANUFACTURED BY
BENGAL CHEMICAL & PHARMACEUTICAL WORKS, Ld.
Can be had from all chemists or from their SOLE AGENTS,
THE POPULAR PHARMACY (Regd.)
(Phone No. 40784.)
18, Lamington Road, GRANT ROAD and at Sandhurst Road, GIRGAUM

CLASSIFIED ADVTS:

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER. The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No.—Advertisement Department. "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—A CASHIER for European Engineering Firm Cash Security of Rs. 1,000 essential. Salary according to qualifications. Apply Box No. 1671, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A 26609

WANTED—A TEACHER, a Parsi or Gujarati Hindu, strong in Mathematics. Apply to the PRINCIPAL, Fort and Proprietary High Schools, Frere Road.
A R3163

WANTED—MEN, everywhere, to earn Rs. 60 weekly at home. Full detail and working plan sent for 5 annas stamps. Apply BUSINESS STANDARDS SERVICE BUREAU, 10, Temple Road, Colombo, Ceylon.
A R3044

WANTED—An experienced UNDER-GRADUATE strong in Urdu, Persian and Gujarati, expert in games, specially cricket, for the Post of the HEADMASTER of a Middle School. Pay Rs. 60 to Rs. 75, according to qualifications. Apply to Box No. 1670, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A C26598

WANTED—STUDENTS trained for employment as Signallers in Postal, Railway and Canal Departments, Station Masters, Typists, etc., by retired Deputy Postmaster General. Terms moderate, Results Guaranteed. Apply with one anna stamp to NATIONAL TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, 2, Club Road, DELHI.
A R3169

WANTED.—A PRINCIPAL for the Carmichael College, Rangpur (Bengal) on Rs. 500—600 (a month by annual increments of Rs. 25 only). Preference will be given to candidates with special qualifications for teaching English and administrative experience. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to the 10th of June, 1926, S. N. GUPTA, I.C.S., President of the Governing Body of the Carmichael College, Rangpur, (Bengal).
A 26584

EARN MORE MONEY—You can learn SOAP MAKING in a few days by our course of training by correspondence. Begin to earn some real money. Our students are doing this very thing right now. You can do the same. Make soap at 0/1/3 per lb. Secrets closely guarded for years disclosed. Credentials from press and eminent persons. No experience or capital needed. HAWAID COLLEGE, Rawalpindi.
M MF

WANTED—A TUTOR, graduate with a knowledge of teaching in English, Elementary Mathematics, Hindi, Marathi Geography, Sanskrit, and reasonably fond of games for a boy 11 years old at Bhandara, Central Provinces. State terms and apply with copies of testimonials, which will not be returned, to Manager, Shrimant Ganpat Rao Pande's Estate, Mahal, Bhandara, Central Provinces. Interview can be arranged at applicant's expense. M. N. KHARE, Manager, Srimant Ganpat Rao Pande's Estate, Bhandara, C.P., 1st May, 1926.
26564

EDUCATIONAL.

MATRICULATION ENGLISH taught by Post. Particulars from Post Box 20, Poona Cantonment.
R3091

HOTELS.

CALCUTTA HOTEL LD,

MIRZAPUR SQUARE, NORTH, CALCUTTA.

IDEAL HOTEL for Indian Ladies and Gentlemen. Charges Rs. 10, Rs. 6, Rs. 4 and Rs. 2-8 per diem.

Telegrams:—"CALHOTEL."

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS

MANGO and LICHI FRUITS—BIG Size rose scented Lichies 400 Rs. 4/; 800 Rs. 7/8; BOMBAY, Lengra mangoes 100 Rs. 9; 50 Rs. 5; Packing, freight extra, price with order. Send one anna stamp for a catalogue of the grafts. SUPERINTENDENT, BEHAR FRUIT STORES, No. 22, Darbhanga (Behar).
F R3155

FINEST DESSERT PEARS from the middle and APPLES, end of July, sent to any part of India carefully packed by V. P. Post at Rs. 5-10 for 9-lbs. of fruit. Apply to A. H. LEE, Pundrole Orchards, Kulu, Punjab.
F R3162

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

20TH CENTURY MARVEL NURL—Medicated toothpowder, efficacious specific little pinch rubbed vigorously cures all toothache Phial Re. ONE. AGENTS WANTED, Gazdar Bros., Vaka Mohla, Chira Bazar, Bombay.
T R3175

FOR SALE—WEIGHT LIFTING DISCLODING BARBELL, 120 lbs. Price Rs. 80. MADON'S HEALTH DEPOT, 249, Hornby Road.
T R3172

THE GWALIOR

SUN BRAND

PORTLAND CEMENT

Surpasses all the requirements of the British Standard Specification and is certified by Government Test House, Alipore to be cement of a high order and recommended for all classes of work. All enquiries and orders will have our best attention.

COMMISSARIAT BUILDING,

Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

Tel. No. 21988.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR.

"Bombay Chronicle"

Elews St, Fort Bombay.

TENDERS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the construction of Block No. II of the Municipal Market Dhulia, estimated to cost Rs. 54,840 and should reach the undersigned not later than 10th June, 1926.

Tenders must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 50 in cash as earnest money. Tender forms and other information can be obtained from the Chief Officer, Municipality Dhulia during office hours except on Sundays and holidays. Security deposit of Rs. 500 in cash will be required on acceptance of the tender by the General Body and before work is started and deduction will be made from all bills at 10 per cent. on the value of the work done and held as security deposit in addition.

The acceptance of the tender rests with the General Body, who reserves the right to reject any or all tenders without assigning any reasons.

(Sd.) SHAH GOVINDJI KHIMJI,
President.
City Municipality, Dhulia.
26589

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are Published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

MATHERAN RAILWAY

REDUCED WEEK-END RETURN FARES on M. S. T. and Hotel charges from 14th instant and revised timings.

Week-end and return fares Adult Rs. 8/4 on M. S. T. (including G. I. P. 1st Class from Bombay) Rs. 15/14 and Children (over 3 and under 10 years) Rs. 4/2 on M. S. T.

2 Up will leave Matheran 7.50.
3 Dn will leave Neral 10.10.

Passengers producing Week-end Return Tickets will be charged at Railway Hotel Rs. 5/12 per day for Top Floor Rooms. Residents staying more than week with previous arrangement Rs. 5/8 per day.

N. COVALOFF, Col.
Manager and Engineer,
Matheran Railway.
Neral 11th May, 1926.
26610

NOTICE.

IN THE MATTER OF THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII OF 1913

AND

OF THE HUME PIPE & CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION CO. (INDIA), LTD. (In Voluntary Liquidation).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above Company, duly convened, and held at Bombay House, 24, Bruce Road, Fort, Bombay, on the 10th day of May, 1926, the following Extraordinary Resolution was duly passed:

"That it has been proved to the satisfaction of this meeting that the Company cannot, by reason of its liabilities, continue its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same, and accordingly that the Company be wound up voluntarily, and that Mr. P. J. Kanga of Bombay be and is hereby appointed Liquidator for the purpose of such winding up."

J. D. GHANDY,
Chairman.
Bombay,
Dated this 12th day of May, 1926.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MORARJI GOKULDAS, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 79, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground with the messuage tenement or stables standing thereon, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 519, New No. 5626, Old Survey No. 47 and New Survey No. 8861, containing by admeasurement one hundred and fifteen square yards or thereabouts situate, lying and being on the South side of the Hornby Row or Fort Street, within the Fort of Bombay and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes formerly under No. 45 and now under Ward No. 2628 and Street No. 9 and 11, Fort Street, or Hornby Row and bounded as follows, on or about the East by the property of Goverdhandas Sunderdas, on or towards the West by the property of Goverdhandas Parmanandas Jeevandas, on or towards the North by the said Fort Street or Hornby Row and on or towards the South partly by the property of Laxmivahu Executrix of Lukhmidas Kallianji and partly by the property of Goverdhandas Parmanandas which premises are now vacant.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1926.
S. L. VAIDYA,
For Messrs. Malvi Mody Ranchhoddas & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C26617

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NO CHEQUES on any other than the local Banks will be accepted in payment of its dues by the Ahmedabad Municipality unless they are drawn for the sums due to the Municipality plus the Commission charges levied by the Imperial Bank of India, Ahmedabad for collection of the amounts of the cheques. The rates of Commission at present in force are 4 as. upto Rs. 200 and 2 as. more on any sum of Rs. 100 or under in excess over that amount.

(Sd.) S. A. SHETE.
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.
C26611

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. TYABALLY ABDUL HUSSEIN, of Bombay, Borah Mahomedan inhabitant, has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client. Any person having any claim or interest in to or upon the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 24, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bombay and to the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes, Bombay within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same (if any) will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of pension and tax land with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Nanabhoy Lane or Banaji Limji Agiary Street in Fort, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and containing by measurement 24.41 square yards or thereabouts be the same little more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue along with another large piece of land under Old No. 51, New No 435, Old Survey No. 1241 to 1253 and New Survey No. 9375 and assessed by the Municipality under A Ward No. 167L, Street No. 10 and Cadastral No. 452, Division Fort and bounded on the East by the property of Dastur Manekji Rustomji on the West by the property of Shapurji Sorabji Masani, on the North by the Sweeper's passage and on the South by Nanabhoy Lane.

Dated this 13th day of May, 1926.
KHARAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
C26616

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 3778 of 1924.

WASANTRAO VINAYAK KATVI ..... Plaintiff.

Vs.

ESUFALLI MAHOMEDALLY and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decree Absolute for Sale made in the above Suit and bearing the 11th day of December, 1925, the following immoveable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on FRIDAY, the 11th day of June, 1926, at the hour of 5 o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground described in the last Conveyance as Khoti land with the messuage tenement and building standing thereon, formerly admeasuring 4,420 square yards or thereabouts but now after a portion acquired for the road purposes believed to admeasure 3430 square yards or thereabouts little more or less situate, lying and being at Ville Parle, formerly Taluka Salsette, Zilla Thana, now in Bombay Suburban District, registered under Serial No. 15, Pot No. 1 and bearing Entry No. 1890 and Survey No. 16, Pot No. 1 and bearing Entry No. 190C, formerly in the registration District of Thana and Sub-District of Bandra, now in Bombay Suburban District and bounded formerly as follows:—On the North by the property of Rajaram Tookaram, on the South by a Gowan or public passage, on the East partly a Gowan or public passage and partly by the property of Rajaram Tukaram and on the West by a public passage and beyond it by the B.B. and C.I. Railway line and now as follows on the East by the land of being Plot No. 241 in the New Scheme and on the North, South and West by the public Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CAPTAIN AND VAIDYA, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 121, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 15th day of April, 1926.
(Sd.) H. H. WADIA,
Commissioner.
C26604

AUCTION SALES.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Agents,
123, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. No. 22736.

IMPORTANT TO INVESTORS IN BUSINESS.

SALE of the business of Messrs. Jehangir C. Mehta and Co., Perfume Distillers. Sewri (in the compound of Government Liquor Warehouse at Sewri).

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. will sell by Public Auction on account of the Partners retiring on MONDAY, the 24th day of May, 1926, at 3 p.m. (S.T.) at the above premises the business of Messrs. Jehangir C. Mehta and Co., Perfume Distillers together with its Goodwill, the right of using their "Globe" trade mark stock-in-trade plant, recipes and processes, labels, furniture a large lot of empty bottles of sizes, essences Distilling still and all things belonging to the said business and a well built structure in which the business is carried out.

The business as above will be put up as going concern or the stock and articles will be sold in small lots as may be determined at the time of sale.

Particulars and conditions of sale may be obtained of the undersigned.

Samples can be seen at the office of the Auctioneers.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE OF THE INSOLVENT'S HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ETC.

By the order of K. M. Taleyarkhan Esqr. the Ag. Official Assignee of Bombay and Assignee of the estate and effects of T. C. Anderson (Insolvent), Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 17th May 1926 at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) at their Auction Rooms No. 122, Apollo Street, Fort, the following:—

Dining table, chairs, dumbwaiter, dressing chest of drawers, screens, brass top teapoys, blackwood carved table and cabinet, bedsteads, blackwood chairs and hatstand, writing tables, counter ice boxes, carpet, platedware, glass and crockery ware, cane chairs, copper boiler, aerated water machines etc., etc.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

BENNETT & CO.

120, Apollo Street, Fort

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY. SITUATE AT PAREL ROAD.

Under instructions from Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madon, Attorneys for Messrs. Sheriff Devjee Canji and Dawoodbhoy Nensee, Trustees of the last will of the deceased Dawoodbhoy Fazulbhoy, Messrs. BENNETT AND COY., will on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following:—

All that piece of leasehold land or ground with the buildings thereon, situate on the east side of Parel Road, admeasuring about 179 square yards and registered in the Collector under New Survey No. L/3620, Cadestral Survey No. 792, Mazagon division and boounded on the east by the property of Kassamalli Jairajbhai Pirbhai on the west by the said Parel Road on the north by the property of Allarkhia Jivraj and on the south by the property of the Trustees of Damoderdas Tapidas Charitable Trust Fund and which said messuages or tenements are assessed by the Municipality under E ward No. 7488 and Street No. 29

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Matubhai Jamietram and Madan Attorneys for the trustees or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF MISCELLANEOUS PARTS OF MACHINERY, ETC.

Under instructions from Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co. Ltd., Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., will THIS DAY FRIDAY, the 14th instant at 3 p. m., (S. T.) sell by Public Auction at Lamington Road, near Lal Chimney in the godown of Messrs. W. H. Brady and Co. Ltd., miscellaneous parts of machinery, etc.

Consisting of Screwing Machines; Fitters Tools; Hood Screws; Emery Fillets; Galvanized Bends; Iron Bars; Nipples; Bolts and Nuts; Pedastals; Hook Bolts; Drawing Frames; Oil Cans; Wire and Leather Canvass; Wheel Valves; Scale Platform; Asbestos Sheets; Shuttles; Winding Tubes; Asa Lees Spare Parts; Laden Pullies; Pump, Pullies, etc., etc.

The above on view.

BENNETT & CO.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.

Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,00
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserved Fund ..... Rs. 22,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:
MANDVI, BARODA.

BRANCHES.

Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mehsana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patas, Sidhpur, Amreli, Kalol and Kadi.

DIRECTORS.

Lalubhai Samaldas, Esq., C.I.E., (Chairman).
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Harkbhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Lashkari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B., (Chief Justice, Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., (Agent The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.)
Anant Narayan Datar Esq., B.A., LL.B., A.M., (Colmb) Sar Subha Baroda State).
Rao Saheb Harilal Desaibhai Desai (High Court Pleader, Ahmedabad).
Major R. S. Parab (Khangi Karbhari, Baroda State).
Nawroji B. Saklatwala, C.I.E., (Tata Sons Ltd., Bombay).

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application.

SAVINGS BANK.

Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent, per annum.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 4½ per cent., by transfers from Savings Bank accounts, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal Rules on application.

C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1895

Capital Authorised 1,00,00,000
Capital Issued 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed 50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 31-12-25 30,84,370
Reserve Fund upto 31-12-25 25,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE

Abohar	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Allahabad	Hyderabad	Montgomery
Amritsar	(Sind)	Okara (Dist.
Amballa City	Jullundur	Montgomery)
Amballa Cant.	Jammu	Peshawar City
Bombay	Jhelum City	Peshawar
Cawnpore	Karachi	Cant.
Calcutta	Kasur	Patiala
Delhi	Lahore City	Quetta
D. I. Khan	Jhang (Maghiana)	Rawalpindi
Ferozepore	Lyllapur	Sargodha
Gujranwalia	Ludhiana	Sialkot City.
Gojra	Meerut City	Simla
Hafizabad		Srinagar

LONDON AGENTS:—
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LD.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent per annum.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to—

E. J. KHANNA,
Manager.
Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement of Account prepared Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN

B. L. THOSAR,

Public Accountant.
484-487, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22007.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

AMUSEMENTS.

SPECIAL ALL-COMEDY
Programme
TO TICKLE YOUR FUNNY BONE
WHIRLWINDS OF FUN!
TWO REEL MIRTH PROVOKERS
"OUR GANG"
In their latest comedy, filled with smiles, giggles and roars of laughter.

"RIDERS OF THE PURPLE COWS"
featuring RALPH GRAVES
The last word in Mirth Producers.
AN EXPLOSION OF LAUGHS.

"THE CAT'S MEOW"
featuring HARRY LANGDON
The Chesire Cats grins but there are roars o laughter in "The Cat's Meow."
CAT CALLS OF MIRTH!

"FROZEN HEARTS"
featuring STAN LAUREL
A rib-tickling travesty on "Enemies of Women"
PATHE SUPER GAZETTE
The World's latest news in Pictures.
TIME 6, 8 & 10 P. M.
PATHE CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

EMPIRE THEATRE
TO-DAY 6-30, 8-15 and 10 P. M.
ANNETTE KELLERMAN
The Modern Venus in
"VENUS OF THE SOUTH SEAS"
Story of Girls and Pearls; Love and Adventure and Mermaids of the South Seas.
AND
PLASTIGRAM

EMPRESS THEATRE
TO-DAY At 6-30, 8-15 and 10 P. M.
JACKIE COOGAN
THE BOY OF THE CENTURY
IN
"LITTLE ROBINSON CRUSOE"
The Picture of all Centuries
Adventures, thrills and sensations galore.

AMUSEMENTS.

Absolutely Astounding!

They clung to the rope ladder, 1,000 feet in the air, while the gigantic prehistoric man banged them against the cliffs, dragging them to his lair.

Never such amazing scenes since the world began.

To-morrow 6-30 & 10 p.m. Matinee at 4 p.m.
Pathe Cinema Royal Opera House.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE
TO-DAY 6-30 and 9-45.
CHARLIE CHAPLIN
IN
"THE GOLD RUSH"

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAD OF BARODA
GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI
Will open
The First Performance of their NEW DRAMA!
"MENAKA"
By Mr. K. P. KHADILKEB (Editor, Navakal)
and on SATURDAY, 15th May at 3-15 P. M.
SUNDAY, 16th May at 3-15 P. M.
MATINEE PERFORMANCES
AT
RIPON THEATRE. GRANT ROAD,
Tickets can be had at the Ripon Theatre daily from 8 to 11 in the Morning.
Book Your Seats Immediately!

SHARE MARKET.

May 13.

Mill shares remained strong chiefly Currimbhoy's old group was in demand. Fazul improved to 840 and Pearl to 475. The rise is due to heavy short sales and it is reported dividend will not be less than last half year. Market is likely to improve further as there is fair margin in cloth but yarn is lifeless and monsoon drawing nearer. We quote:—

Tata's Hydro, Steel and Power were unchanged.

Imperial Bank improved to 1610 and partly paid 422/8, other Bank shares were firm too.

Tramways were unchanged.

Burma Trading was firm at 512/8 and done to 515.

LOCAL BANKS	Paid up Rs.	Divid	Last Quotations Rs	
Bank of India	50	2½	77	XD
Baroda	50	4	77	XD
Central Co-operative	50	7½	52	
Central	25	1¾	24-8	
Eastern	£ 5	9p.c.	77½	
Imperial	500	40	1610	
Imperial Contributory	*125	10	423	12
Union	½		3-8	
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE				
Bundi	10		10	8
Central India Mining	10	4½	22-8	
Indian Cement O.	350		36	4
Katni Cemet O.	100		47	8
Katni Cement D.	40		120	
Punjab Cement O.	10		3	
Shivrajpure	10	Y 7 7	37	
RAILWAY COMPANIES.				
Ahmedabad Prantej	500	11 p.c.	865	
Amritsar Pattis	100	10 p.c.	143	
Central Province	100	7½ p.c.	115	
Dhond Baramati	100	6 p.c.	88	
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	88	
Hoshiarpur Doab	100	5 p.c.	90	
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	73	
Mandra Bhon	90	5 p.c.	78	
Pachora Jammer	100	5 p.c.	77	
Sara Sirajgunj	100	5 p.c.	92	
Sialkot Narowal	100	5 p.c.	98	
Sind Light	100	5 p.c.	148	
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	662½	XD
Upper Sind Light	100	4 p.c.	71	
STEAMER COMPANIES.				
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250		170	
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250		235	
Scindia Steam	30—0—14		8-10	
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS				
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	73	
Andhra Valley O.	1,000		605	
Andhra Valley P.	1,000		940	
Bombay Tramways O.	50	2-8	115	10
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	64	
Karachi Electricity	100	6	92	
Surat Electricity	100		60	
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	40	945	
Tata Hydro-Elec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	910	
Tata Power O.	1,000		417	8
Ta Power P.	1,000		650	
PRESS COMPANIES				
Akbari	500		250	
Fort	475		175	
Harvey & Sabapathy	500	20-35	925	
Indian Cotton	126	20	217½	
Manmad Manufacturing	250		215	
New Berar	500	80	820	
New East India	1,000		1100	
New Mofussil P.	400	40	510	
New Prince of Wales	500	61	740	
Volkart U.P.	500	40	675	
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.				
Alcock Ashdown	100		150	
Belapur Co. Ltd.	76		12	
B. Burma T. Corporation Ltd.	125	7-8	512	8
B. Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	135	
Burma Corporation	10	0-6	10	8
Bombay Uganda	80	4-12	51	
British Burma Petroleum	Sh. 8	0-4-0	4-12	
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100		200	
Jost Engineering	50	7-8	73	
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	312	8
New Union Floor Mills	100		30	
Port Canning	1,000	50	680	
Sardar Carbonic Gas.	100		90	
Tata Iron Pref. 1st	150	6 p.c.y	119	
Tata Iron Pref.	100		42	
Tata Iron Defd.	30		44	6
Tata Iron and Steel Co				
O.	75		20	4
ha c kes	50		125	
eph one	50	1y	19	8
INSURANCE COMPANIES.				
Empire of India	50	22-8	700	
Jupiter	15		3	10
New India	25	1y	17	4
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	860	
Vulcan	10	0 6-0	2 10	
MILLS.				
Ahmedabad Advance	100	10	410	X D
Alliance	100		30	
Apollo	50		6	4
Assur Virjee	100		3	
Berar Manfg.	200	30	250	
Bombay Cotton O.	500	15	315	
Bombay Cotton P.	10	5 p.c.	5	2
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	25y	8-3	12
Bombay Industrial	100		11	
Bombay Woollen	100		70	
Bradbury	250	10	325	
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c	175	
Broach Fince Counts	250		35	
Century	100	20y	362	8
Central India O.	100	16	483-12	
Central India P.	500	5 p.c.	425	
Ceylon	100		40	
Colaba Land & Mill	100		115	
Coorla	100		140	
Crescent	100	nil	190	
Currimbhoy	250		300	
David	500		350	
Dawn	250	40	660	
Diamond O.	100			
E.D. Sassoon United O	10	0	0 14	0
Ebrahimbhoy Pab.ney	250	nil	220	
Edward Sassoon	200	nil	135	
Elphinstone O.	100		20	8
Emperor Edward	500		275	
Fazulbhoy	250	25	242	8
Finlay	130	nil	115	
Framjee Petit	1,000		500	
Globe	100		25	
Gokak	100	5	103	12
Gold Mohur	100		6	8
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1400	
Indian Bleaching etc	100	8	182	8
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	1000	
Indore-Malwa United	100	12	380	
Indian Woollen	50		2	8
Jamshed O.	250		65	
Kastoorchand	500		52-8	
Khandesh	1,000	200	220	
Khatan Makanjee	100	Nil	100	
Kilachand	25		3	8
Kohinoor	500		930	
Lakshmi Cotton	1,000	150	4900	
Madhor Scindia	100		20	
Madhowji Dharamsi	100		88	12
Madras United	250	15	460	
Maneckjee Petit	1,000	100	1800	
Mathradas	100		125	
Meyer Sassoon	100		88	12
Morarjee Goculdas	1,000	60	2150	
New City of Bombay	100	nil	145	
New Great Eastern	200	10y	313	12
Osmanshahi (100)	75		70	
Pearl	250	12	475	
Pheenix	100	10	400	X
Planet	100			
Premier	100		37	8
Sassoon Cotton	100		16	
Sassoon Silk	500		575	
Sholapur	1,000	250	7400	
Simplex	250		133	12
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100		45	
Standard	500	40	1325	
Swadeshi	100	18	475	
Swan	100	nil	140	
Tata Mill O.	500		160	
Vishnu Cotton O.	500	90	1900	D
Vishnu P.	500	35	540	C
Western India Spng.	1,000	100	760	

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS.

Ahmedabad				410
Bombay Cotton				320
Bombay Dyeing	876	885	873-12	883-12
Century	357-8	362-8	357-8	362-8
Central India	480	485	480	493-12
Colaba Land				115
Crescent				190
Edward Sassoon				135
Fazulbhoy	831-4	845	831-4	842-8
Finaly				115
Globe				25
Gokak				105
Indian Bleaching				182-8
Indore Malwa				381-4
Kohinoor				930
Madhowjee				88-12
Mathuradas				120
Meyer Sassoon				86-4
Mysore				107-8
New Great	312-8	316-4	312-8	313-12
Pearl	471-4	475	471-4	475
Pabany				220
Pehoenix				400
Simplex				133-12
Swadeshi	471-4	475	471-4	475
Swan Mills				140
Tata Mill				100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock				150
Bombay Steam				170
Tram Co., Ord.	115-10			115-10
Bundi Cement				10-6
Central India Mining				22-12
Indian Cement				36-4
Katni Cement Ord.				47-8
Shivarajpur				37
Tata Hydro	945	948-12	945	947-8
Tata Iron and steel Ordy				44-6
Tata Iron and steel Def				20-4

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

CALCUTTA, May 12.

In the share market, jutes were a steady feature though business was handicapped by lack of buyers in view of the uncertainty of trade prospects in the near future. Towards the close Howrah and Clive spurted on covering operations. Coals lacked strength for want of outside buying support which for the moment is conspicuous by its absence. New Beerbhoom however denoted some improvement. In teas a quiet tone prevailed due to the falling off in the demand. In miscellaneous there was hardly anything of interest to record in this section. Bengal Paper exhibited some strenth. Government securities were quiet. Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—3½ per cent. Government paper Rs. 77-1, 5 per cent. bonds 1933 103/15, 6 per cent bonds 1927 102/4, do. 1930 107, do. 1931 107/14.

Banks:—Imperial Bank fully paid 1630.

Railways:—Sara Serajganj Railway 92, Shahdara Delhi Saharanpur Light Railway 150.

Cottons:—Agra United annas 9, Kesoram 4/4, Mohini Mills 5/12, New Victoria. 1/4.

Jutes:—Budge Budge 390, Clive 27/2, Craig 4, Empire 42/4, Fort William pref 118, Gondalpara ord. 700, Hukumchand ord 9, Howrah 32, Hooghly pref 15/12, Kankinarrah 387, Lansdowne 214, National 24/2, Reliance 53/8.

Coals:—Bhalgora 5/8, Burrakur 21, Gopalichuck 7, New Beerbhoom 24/12, North West 26/8, Raneegunge 29/4, Searsole 5/8, Talcher 4/6

Miscellaneous:—Burma Finance and Mining 5/12, Indian Iron and Steel (Rs. 10 paid up) 6/1, Indian Standard Wagon pref 78, Marshall and Co. 3/3, Behar Rice 2, B. I. Corporation ord 4/8, Calcutta Ice Association 10/2, British Ceylon Corporation pref 8, British Burmah Petroleum 4/6, Bengal Paper 23/4 Midnapore Zemindary 138

Teas:—Bishnauth 38/8, Dhelakhat (new issue) 30/4, Dufflaghur 17/12, East India 5/8, Gulma 13, Hattikhira 20/12, Jutlibari 20, New Samanbagh 43/8, New Terai 17.

Exchange bank telegraphic transfer was one shilling five and thirty-one thirty-seconds pence and demand bills were one shilling six pence.—A. P

ASTROLOGER, who predicted Mahatma Gandhi's Release.
Send Your Horoscope or the time of letter writing. Arudam 5 questions, Re. 1; each extra question As. 4. Annual reading (Monthly detail), Rs. 2. For businessmen (Weekly detail), One year; Rs. 10. Complete life-reading, (Daily) 500. For other particulars, Apply to:—THE MANAGER Hanuman Astrological Office, Tiruttani Chittoor District. *'Correspondence in English only.'*
THE ANDHRA PATRIKA writes: "We received on 7-11-1923 from V. K. Satagopacharlar, Tiruttani a letter (published in our issue of 12-11-23), predicting that Mahatmaji will be released on 5-2-1924 at 7 a. m. It so happened. We heartily commend the marvellous capabilities of his astrologer to the public.

Progress is Nature's Way
The growth and healthy development of the child shows this in so many ways; at first he is so helpless—soon he learns to crawl—then to walk—and later to run. In like way at the same time his mental powers and other faculties develop. Nature demands that the child's feeding too, should be progressive, adequate to build him up, and to keep pace with his increasing digestive capacity.

'Allenburys'
Progressive System of Infant Feeding
Modelled on Nature, supplies the foods specially adapted to baby's needs and powers of digestion. This system is not an experiment: its merits have been proved every day for the last forty years. To-day more than ever it is recognised by those who know from experience to be the highest standard of Infant Feeding.

Milk Food No. 1 *Birth to 3 months* **Milk Food No. 2** *3 to 6 months*
Malted Food No. 3 *6 months and onwards*

Write for the 'Allenburys' Book, sent post free, a mine of useful information on the hundred and one points which arise from day to day affecting baby.

Post this Coupon To-day to
Allen & Hanburys Ltd.,
Special Representative for India:
Block E,
Clive Buildings, Calcutta

COUPON
Mrs. .....
.....
.....
will be pleased to receive, free of charge, the 'Allenburys' booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.

GROSSMITH'S PHŪL-NĀNĀ
The Fascinating Indian
PERFUME
An Exquisite and Lasting Fragrance.
ALL the enchantment of the mysterious East breathes in Phūl-Nānā.
PHŪL-NĀNĀ FACE POWDER
is adherent and unobtrusive, and delightfully fragrant.
PHŪL-NĀNĀ TOILET CREAM
(vanishing) softens and beautifies the skin.
Cachous, Sachets, Toilet Soaps, Bath Crystals, Brilliantine, Shampoo Powders, Powder Leaf Books, Dental Cream, Toilet Waters, Hair Tonics.
Of all Chemists and Bazaars. Beware of worthless imitations. Insist on having the original.
Sole Proprietors and Inventors
J. GROSSMITH & SON, Ltd., LONDON.
Representative:
WALTER WHITE, Bombay.

Get your eyes examined by us and Save Your Consultation Fees.

To avoid mistakes please note our address carefully.
We give services of a qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon holding exceptional testimonials from the world-renowned Royal London (Moorfield) Ophthalmic Hospital for which we charge nothing.
Our charges are very moderate; our work prompt and accurate.
DINSHAW M. DASTOOR & COMPANY,
(ORIGINAL FIRM.)
OCULISTS AND OPTICIANS.
71, Esplanade Road, Opp. Bombay Club. - Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

Bombay, May 13.

A further drop of 7 points in old crop and 3 to 5 points in new crop in New York futures has been reported to-day. The market advanced at the opening, but later gave way on some long liquidation. Liverpool has been reported 1 to 6 poionts up. The advance was due to settlement of general strike.

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends, Messrs. A. Norden and Co., cable under date 12th instant as under:—

"West too wet, East too dry. Tone of market good."

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 12th instant (5.5 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends, Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Ending strike caused some advance, but liquidation ensued. However, unless weather improves generally in the South we think present prices will be maintained."

Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co., Agents, Messrs. M. and B. Stern, have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends:—

"The weekly weather report of the United States Agricultural Bureau reports that the weather in the West has been too wet. In the Eastern section it has been too dry. In the Central section favourable progress has been made with both field work and planting."

The "general" strike at Home has been called off. The "Coal" strike however still continues, with a probable resumption of negotiations.

A small decline being reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened this morning Rs. 3 lower with Broach May at Rs. 338¼ and going down to Rs. 337½ on Commission Houses selling advanced to Rs. 340 on buying by Bazar operators and a Japanese House and closed at Rs. 339½. July-August opened at Rs. 343½ and declined to Rs. 342 on Commission Houses selling and closed steady at Rs. 343½. At Sewri the Bazar opened at Rs. 343½ and closed steady at Rs. 342¼. Japanese and Commission Houses were sellers.

Fine Oomra May opened at Rs. 315 and steadily advanced to Rs. 318½ on Shroffs buying and closed at Rs. 318. Whilst July opened at Rs. 319 and improved to Rs. 321 on Shroffs buying and closed at Rs. 320. F. G. Bengal May and July were nominally quoted Rs. 250 and Rs. 256 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton remained quiet yesterday and the demand was moderate.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

Bombay, May 13.

Fully Good Broach April/May	338½
Fully Good Broach July/August	342½
Fully Good Bengal May	250½
Fully Good Bengal July	256½
Fine Oomra May	316½
Fine Oomra July	318½

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, May 13.

Fully Good Broach April/May	339
Fully Good Broach July/August	343
Fully Good Bengal May	250
Fully Good Bengal July	256
Fine Oomra May	318
Fine Oomra July	320
Good Southerns May/June	309

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 13.

M G Bengal—Superfine 278, Fine 263, F Good 253, Good 245.

M G Surat—Superfine 417, Fine 412, F Good 402, Good 692.

M G Oomra No. 3—Superfine 329, Fine 319, F Good 304.

M G Central Provinces No. 1—Superfine 364, Fine 354, F Good 339.

M G Central Provinces No. 2—Superfine 352, Fine 342, F Good 327.

M G Broach No. 2—Superfine 360, Fine 352, F Good 344, Good 636.

M G Southerns—3 Good 322, Good 312 F G Fair 302.

M G Punjab/American—Superfine 372 Fine 362, F Good 352, Good 342.

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 13.

Jute:—Albion 425, Alliance 400, Anglo-India 335xd, Auckland 175, Barnagore 144, Bally 140, Birla 6/8, Belvedere 400, Budge Budge 400, Caledonian 485, Chapdani 130, Clive 26/12, Craig 4/4, Cheviot 215, Dalhousie 297, Delta 420, Empire 42, Fort Gloster 690, Fort William 213, Gondalpara 655, Gourepore 635, Hukumchand 9, Hooghly 66, Howrah 31/14, Kamarhatty 450, Kankanarah 385, Kelvin 658, Kinnison 860, Lansdowne 210, Lawrence 485, Lothian 335, Naihati 360, National 24, New Central 465, Northbrook 41, Nuddea 40, Orient 165, Presidency 6/8, Reliance 53, Standard 325, Union 465, Waverly 6/6, Hessian 14/12, Jute 92.

Cotton:—Dunbar 155, Kesharam Cotton 4/2.

Coal:—Burrakur 20/12, Bokaro Ramgur 18, Katras Jherriah 70, Raneegunge 28/4.

Miscellaneous:—B.B. Petroleum 4/6, B.I. Corporation 4/6, I.I. Still 6/1, Marshalls 3/3, Imperial Bank 1620, Imperial Conty. 418.

Remarks:—Market steady. There was good demand for Indian Steel shares.

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

EAST INDIAN COTTON.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay May 13th

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	Since 1st September This Year.	Last Year.
Khandesh	50	2,89,271	2,86,079
Central India	826	3,54,020	3,16,787
Barsi and Nagar	363	2,05,514	1,90,836
Hyderabad-Gaorani	71	72,495	94,222
Berar	749	4,63,181	5,55,102
Central Provinces	41	2,38,236	2,51,906
Total Oomras	2,136	16,21,717	16,94,932
Dholera	2,049	2,27,026	1,92,817
N.W. Provinces	203	1,27,880	1,31,053
Rajputana	100	97,115	66,460
Sind-Punjab	648	2,81,436	3,52,277
Broach	187	3,80,009	4,32,362
Coompta & Dharwar	1,420	71,689	83,787
Westerns-Northerns	810	53,879	53,796
Coconada		1,707	1,254
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	1,949	19,423	18,659
Persian		3,779	3,954
American		3,667	9,649
Egyptian and African		51,835	39,664
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		3,147	3,487
Total	9,502	28,82,701	30,86,151

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 6th May This year	Last year
Europe	1-692	4,41,407	5,02,341
Japan & China	3,372	14,37,926	13,97,801
Coast Ports		21,087	16,782
Up-country by Rail		67,148	10,817
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan		11.616	54,451
Total	5,064	19,79,184	19,82,192

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 13.

	New.	Ready May.
Bengal Superfine M. G.	270/75	.....
Bengal Fine M G	255/60	.....
Bengal F G M G	245/50	250
Sindh-Punjab Fine M G	255	.....
Sindh-Punjab F G M G	240/45	.....
Punjab-Americans F G M G	345/50	.....
Wardha-Hingt Fine M G	340/45	.....
Nagpur Fine M G	340/45	.....
Yeotmal Fine M G	325/30	.....
Pulgaon Fine M G	320/30	.....
Arvi Fine M G	320/30	.....
Amraoti Fine M G	300/15	.....
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M G	300/15	315
Mulkapur Fine M G	280/85	.....
Khandesh Fine M G	280/85	.....
Khandesh F G M G	.....	.....
Broach Fine M G	340/45	.....
Broach F G M G	335/40	338
Muthia Fine M G	275/80	.....
Muthia F G M G	265/70	.....
Dharwar S G	.....	.....
Coompta M G	350	.....
Westerns M G	315/25	.....
Westerns H G	.....	.....
Miraj M G	360	.....
Cambodia F G M G	390/95	.....
Navsari F G M G	.....	.....
Surat F G M G	400	.....
Kadi/Viramgaon F G M G	340/45	.....
Dhollera F G M G	330/35	.....
Kalagin F G M G	.....	.....

COTTON.

Liverpool, May 12.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 1,000 bales.
Total day's sales on Spec. & for Exp. Nil.
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 50 bales.
Mid. Americans Spot 10.25
Egyptian F.G.F. Sakellaridis 16.60.
New York 11 a.m. (As knon in Liverpool at closing time):—

July	18.54
October	17.64
January	17.64
New York Noon Call—	
July	18.45
October	17.56
January	17.56
New Orleans 10 a.m.	
May	18.17
October	17.22

COTTON. ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, May 12.

Scinde Good	6.65
Scinde Fully Good	6.95
Scinde Fine	7.25
Bengal, Good	6.75
Bengal Fully Good	7.05
Bengal Fine	7.35
Oomra, Good	7.45
Oomra Fully Good	7.75
Oomra Fine	8.05
Broach Good	8.05
Broach Fully Good	8.45
Broach Fine	8.85

COTTON OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, May 12.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

July	9.48+.03
October	9.28+.04
Januar	9.21+.04
March	9.20+.03

London May 10.

Exchange Belgium	157.62
Exchange Athens	392.50

London May 11.

Exchange Belgium	152.75
Exchange Athens	391.50
Cuban Sugar 11/6 May. Nominal.	

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, May 12.

May	15.20+.15
June	15.00+.15
July	14.90+.10
August	14.90+.10
September	14.85+.10
October	14.80+.10
November	14.70+.08
December	14.60+.08
January	14.55+.08
February	14.55+.08
March	14.50+.08
April	14.50+.08
May	14.45+.03

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, May 12.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool:—

May	9.62+.05
June	9.54+.06
July	9.51+.06
August	9.4'+.05
September	9.34+.02
October	9.26+.02
November	9.21+.02
December	9.20+.02
January	9.18+.01
February	9.17+.01
March	9.20+.03
April	9.18+.03
May	9.18+.02

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York May 12.

COTTON:—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 11,000 bales.
Da's Exports to Great Britain Nil.
Day's Export to Continent 11,000 bales.
Futures at New York:—

July	18.49—.07
October	17.59—.03
December	17.64—.04
January	17.61—.05

Spot Cotton at New York 19.00—.10
Spot Cotton at New Orleans 18.17.
Futures at New Orleans:—

May	18.17+.02
October	17.17+.01

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) 19 11/16
Demand Bills 4.85.87.

CLOSING PRICES. AMERICAN COTTON MARKET.

New York, Ma 17.

Futures at New York:—

July	18.49—.07
October	17.59—.03
December	17.64—.04
January	17.61—.05

COTTON.

Liverpool, May 12.

Cotton Delivery Mid. Uplands G. O. C. Liverpool:—

July	9.51+.06
October	9.26+.02
December	9.20+.02
January	9.18+.01

WHEAT.

London, May 12.

Baraletta Russo—61 lbs. May/June sellers 54/9.

Rozario Sanata Fe—58½ lbs May/June sellers 53/6.

Tone:—Firm and dearer on fair trade. Closed quieter.

Australian May/June sellers 59/.

Choice White Karachi May/June sellers 58.

Soft Red Karachi May/June value 56/3.

Tone:—Firm and dearer on fair trade.

Cargo, Rozario Santa Fe, 58½ lbs. April Continent paid 53.

Cargo, New South Wales 59/6 Bags, 59/ Bulk May U.K. paid.

Cargo, Victorian 60/ sailer, March paid.

Two Cargoes Baril 61 lbs. 54 5/8 April U.K. paid.

SEEDS.

London, May 12.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) May/June paid £14 1/2

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Hull afloat paid £14 3/4

Linseed Argentine (La Plata) Aug./Sep. paid £15.

Cottonseed Bombay May/June sellers 7 3/4

Castorseed Bombay May/June nominal 16 3/4

Linseed, Bombay May/June nominal £17 5/8

Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton, May/June sellers £19 3/4

Rapeseed, Toria, per ton May/June sellers 20 1/2

Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore per ton May/June sellers £19 1/4

Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore May/June sellers £21 1/8

LINSEED.

London, May 12.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags:—
April/May paid £16 5/8.
May/June value £16 5/8.
June/July quoted £16 5/8.
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net:—
June/Aug. offered 30
Sep/Dec. offered 30/6.

BARLEY.

London, May 12.

Karachi Barley not quoted.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 13.

B.C. RATE
Bank's selling T T 1/5 7/8.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 29/32.

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 29/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 15/16.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 7/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 31/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/6.

PARIS—
Bank's selling D D Frcs 1140.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A Frcs 1200.
Bank's buying D D Frcs 1185.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 130.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 126.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 154¾.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 200½.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 156.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 276.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols 4.86.5/16.
London—Paris Frcs 154.20.
London—Switzerland Frcs. 25.07
London—Brussels Frcs 153.60.
London—Rome Liras 122.00.
London—Berlin Marks 20.39.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange market steady.

London, May 12.

Tele. Transfers 1/5 31/32.
Bar Gold £4/4/11 1/2.
Bar Silver Spot 30 5/16 quiet with uncertain tendency.

London, May 12.

Rentes 3 per cent. 47
Bar Silver (Spot) 30/5/16
Bar Silver 2 months hence 30 1/4
Closing Tone of Silver:—Bazaars bought and sold. Market closed quiet with uncertain tendency.
Interest day to day loans 4 1/8
Interest 7 days market loans 4
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 per cent. 3/12/25.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 13.

	Market Rates.
Bank Telegraphic	1/5 7/8
Bank Demand	1/5 15/16
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s	1/6 3/16
Fes. Demand	1115
American Dollars	276
Hongkong Dollars	153
Shanghai	199
Japan	130½
Singapore	156

Market steady.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL GENTRES. MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, May 12.

Stockholm 18.17
Oslo 22.49
Amsterdam 12.09 7/8
Switzerland 25.13
Prague 164.00

New York, May 12.

Demand Bills 4.85.87

London, May 12.

Exchange on London in Paris 155.15
Exchange on London in Germany 20.42
Exchange on London in Italy 122.37

LONDON DISCOUNTS

Bombay, May 13.

3 months 4½ per cent.
6 months 4½ per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent.
Money Call 4 3/4 per cent.
Money 1 month 3¾ per cent.
Money 3 months 3 1/2 per cent.
Money 6 months 3 1/2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Fairly steady.
Imperial Bank of India rate 6 per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

London, May 12.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 1/2.
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 9/16
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 1/4.
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4
Rentes 5 per cent 11.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, May 12.

Funding Loan 4 p.c. 1960/90 £85 3/4 plus 3/8.
Victory Bonds 4 p.c. £92 unchanged.
War Loan 5 p.c. 1929/47 £100 plus 1/8.
Convsrsion Loan £74 1/8 plus 5/8.
Indian Loan 5½ p.c. £102 3/4 unchanged.
Indian Loan 7 p.c. £103 1/2 unchanged.
Consols 2½ p.c. 54 3/4 plus 3/8.
Rupee Paper 3½ p.c. 56 1/2 unchanged.
Indian Stock 3½ p.c. (Sterling Loan) 70 —1/4.
Govt. Securities 3 p.c. 59 1/2 unchanged.

BULLION

Bombay, May 13.

Sovereigns ready 13/7/9.
Sovereigns forward 13/8/0.
National Bank Bar Gold 21/12/3.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/9/3.
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/9/3.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/8/3.
Bar silver ready Rs. 70/10.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 69/4.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 68/3.

London, May 12.

Bar gold ready s. 84-11½.
Silver ready d. 30-5.
Silver forward d. 30-4.

TONE OF SILVER:—
Uncertain. India bought cash and sold forward. India bought for immediate shipment. Market closed with sellers at the rate. Think prices have reached top.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May 13.

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 77/6.
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs 98.
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101/12.
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 101/12.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs 103/14.
3 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 107/14.
3 1/2 per cent. War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 106/14.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1926 Rs. 101/.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1927 Rs. 102/7.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 106/12.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 107/6.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 107/14.
6 1/2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free due 1935 Rs. 114.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 87.
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 86.
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1978 Rs. 86.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 111/12.
5 per cent. Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 104/12.
Tone of Market:—Firm.

SHARES.

London, May 12.

Hongkong Bank £124
Chartered Bank £19 7/8
National Bank £46
P. and O. Bank £8 7/8
Eastern Bank £5 3/4

RUBBER.

London, May 12.

Para Up River Fine, Spot June/July value 21 1/2
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot buyers 23 3/4
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot sellers 24
Tone:—Firmer, Moderate business.

METALS.

London, May 12.

English best Selected Copper £60.
Standard Copper G.M.B. £56 15/16.
Copper Braziers £74.
Yellow Metal 69.
Hard Spelter 29 3/4.
Corrugated Sheets £15 3/8.

London, May 12.

Tin Block £274.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, May 12.

Cadiff to Bombay, 16/6

JAVA SUGAR

London, May 12.

Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta July/Sept. sellers 15 4 1/2
Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta Oct./Dec. sellers 15/6
Fine White Java C. and F. Calcutta Jan/Mar. sellers 15 7 1/2
Fine White Java C. and F. Bombay July/Sept. sellers 15/7
Fine White Java C. and F. Karachi July/Sept. sellers 15 7 3/4

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 13.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce, etc., for the 24 hours ending 6 p.m. on 12th May, 1926:—

	Bales. Cwts.
Cotton	9.502
Wheat	23,045
Linseed	34,501
Rape, etc.	4,319
Gingellyseed	75
Poppyseed	133
Groundnuts	910
Castorseed	6,255
Rice	21,661
Myrabollams	7,156
Cottonseed	13,896
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	8,475
Juwar	8,727
Masur	56
Barley	Nil
Bajri	2,609
	Tons.
Coal	4.006

GOLD.

Bombay, May 13.

Ready:—21/9.
Vaida Visak:—Opening 21/9; at 6 p.m. 21/9.
Vaida Jeth:—Opening 21/8/3; at 6 p.m. 21/8/3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Visak:—Opening 0/1/6.
Vaida Jeth:—Opening 0/3/0.
Tone:—Market steady.

SILVER.

Bombay, May 13.

Ready:—70/12.
Vaida Visak:—Opening 69/2; Highest 69/6; at 6 p.m. 69/5.
Vaida Jeth:—Opening 68; Highest 68/4; at 6 p.m. 68/3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Visak:—Opening 1/0.
Vaida Jeth:—Opening 1/8.
Tone:—Market quiet.

THE METAL MERCHANTS' CO

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper.
Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

Bombay, May 13.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Brass, English	3/4	57	8	0
Brass, English	1	58	0	0
Brass, English	1¼	56	12	0
Brass, English	1½	56	12	0
Brass, English	1¾	56	12	0
Brass, English	2	56	12	0
Brass, German	¾	56	8	0
Brass, German	2	55	0	0

COPPER.

Bombay, May 13.

	Per md.	Rs.	a.	p.
Copper, French	¾	57	8	0
Copper, French	2	59	0	0
Copper, German	¾	58	4	0
Copper, German	1	60	8	0
Copper, German	1¼	60	8	0
Panchteka joint		28	4	0
Copper English Bars		52	0	0
Brass Bars		41	0	0
Pat Klai		68	8	0
Lead Rangooni		24	8	0
Lead Country		23	0	0
Koger Brass Metal	¾		12	0
Koger Brass Metal	1	53	12	0
Koger Brass Metal 1¼ to 1½, 1¾ to 2		53	12	0
German Copper 1¼ to 1½ to 2		59	8	0

BOMBAY-CHINA-JAPAN YARN MARKETS.

Daily Quotations

Bombay, May 13.

		Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Shapurji	No. 6¼		0	7	0
Finix	No. 6½		0	7	3
Kilachand	No. 8½		0	7	6
David	No. 10½		0	8	9
Shapurji	No. 10½		0	8	3
Tricumdas	No. 10½		0	8	6
Currimbhoy	No. 12½		0	9	3
Tricumdas	No. 12½		0	9	3
Kilachand	No. 14½		0	9	6
Kilachand	No. 20½		0	10	9
Japan	No. 20		0	12	6
Japan	No. 32		1	1	3
Japan	No. 40		1	3	3
Japan	No. 42½		1	5	0

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLO TH

Bombay, May 13.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay):—

		Rs.	As.	Ps.
LONG CLOTH (full weight) 36|40 In.—				
Standard		1	2	6
Century	,,	1	2	0
Hindustan	,,	1	2	0
Fazal (Mahal)	,,	1	3	0
Phoenix	,,	1	2	3
Pataney (Phoolmala)	,,	1	2	3
Manekji (Patangia)	,,	1	1	6
Kaliamarden	,,	1	1	9
Daud Sahib	,,	1	1	0
LONG CLOTH (Light weight) No. 5202|5303:—				
Rachael Mill	Per lb.	1	3	0
Hindustan	,,	1	2	3
David Mills	,,	1	3	0
Apollo	,,	1	3	0
LONG CLOTH X Quality:—				
Swan Finlay	,,	1	2	0
Gold Mohor	,,	1	0	9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 32-42 In.—				
Textile (Hand)	Per lb	1	1	0
Spring (Merchant)		1	1	0
Century (Bugle)	,,	1	0	9
Apollo (Pyala)	,,	1	0	6
Tata Mill (Darji)	,,	1	1	0
Sakuntala	,,	1	1	0
Sundari Brand	,,	1	0	9
DHOOTIES 7 8 9 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	3	0
Jacob E D	,,	1	1	0
Century	,,	1	2	6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	2	0
Century	,,	1	1	6
Jacob E. D.	,,	1	6	6
1386 Tata	,,	3	3	0
CHECK GREY DRILL x lbs. 5:—				
Bombay Cotton	Per Piece	4	6	0
Jamshed	,,	4	6	0
Century	,,	4	12	0
Pearl Pabaney £5	,,	4	12	0
Hindustan No. 902		5	0	0
BLEACHED CHECK:—				
Kasturchand	,,	6	0	0
BLACK CHECK:—				
5800 Sholapur	,,	11	8	0
GABRUN No. 5124:—				
Pearl Pabaney	,,	8	12	0
Hindustan	,,	9	1	0
E. D. Rachael	,,	7	8	0
SALITA:—				
Century	Per lb.	1	0	6
Textile	,,	1	0	3
Spring (Merchant)	,,	1	0	9
STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—				
777 Kohinoor	Per Piece	2	11	0
777 Crescent	,,	2	10	0
DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—				
Kanta	Per lb.	1	5	6
Tiger		1	5	0
Phoenix		1	5	6

STOP COLDS & CATARRH WITH NOSTROLINE
CHEMISTS & STORES, R.I.
Indian Agents:
MARTIN & HARRIS, LTD.,
8, Waterloo Street, Calcutta.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

S.S. "Razmak" with English Mails of April 29 due at 5 a.m.

Speeches on forthcoming elections at a public meeting at Matunga, in the compound of Mr. V. L. Nattoo's house, 9 p.m., Mr. Horniman to preside.

SATURDAY, May 15.

The s. s. Razmak with the English Mails leaves at 1 p.m. connecting s. s. Macedonia at Aden.

HAPPY HOME FOR THE BLIND.

The above institute acknowledges with thanks the receiept of donations sent by friends during April 1926, aggregating to Rs. 270.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of Wednesday to 6 a.m. of Thursday:—

Small-pox 2 attacks and 1 death; Cholera nil; Plague nil; Influenza nil; total mortality (exclusive of still-born) 76. The total mortality this day last year was 106.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The P. and O. mail steamer "Rajputana" with the mails from Bombay of the 8th instant arrived at Aden at 4 p.m. on the 12th instant and left there at 7 p.m. the same day.

BOMBAY MEDICAL UNION.

A general meeting of the members of the Union will be held at Alice Building, Hornby Road, Fort, on Monday, (the 17th instant) at 7-30 p.m.

RADIO CLUB.

A select programme of Indian music will be broadcast by the Bombay Presidency Radio Club to-day (Friday) at 9 p.m.

FORTHCOMING ELECTIONS

TO-DAY'S MEETING AT MATUNGA.

There will be a public meeting at Matunga (G. I. P. Rly.) in the compound of Mr. Velji Lakhamsi Nattoo's House, at 9 p.m. to-day (Friday), when speeches will be made on the forthcoming elections under the presidency of Mr. B. G. Horniman. Among the speakers are Messrs. Jamnadas M. Mehta, K. F. Nariman, Balubhai Desai and Shanker Kapala.

BOMBAY RECLAMATION SCHEME.

"Truth", the well-known London weekly paper, writes in its issue of April 21:—

"Mr. Lansbury has asked Lord Winterton some pertinent questions about the future of the Bombay Reclamation Scheme. Like 'Truth", he wanted to know the total amount that is expected to be spent on the scheme, the total amount of contracts at present placed for this work, the names of the contractors who are carrying it out, and the value of each contract. In answer to the first question, Lord Winterton replied that if the part of the scheme which the Government of Bombay propose to proceed with is completed, the expenditure will be £2,675,000. Readers of "Truth" are already familiar with those figures. The question is whether it is worth while spending any more money at all. Lord Winterton promised that he would try to get the information concerning the subcontracts. It is in connection with these that disturbing rumours have been for many months in circulation in Bombay, and, for that matter, through the whole of India. The India Office should institute a thorough investigation into both the inception and the conduct of the whole undertaking. The recently published reports of the Advisory Committee and the Sub-Committee do not appear to have got at the root of the trouble. Some people who know India well, and likewise the Indian politician, have expressed surprise that the Indians have not raised more of an outcry than they have. That is explained by the fact that the scheme was financed by a Government Development Loan, yielding high interest, in which the shrewd Indian was quick to invest. In India, as elsewhere, public men are financiers first and patriots afterwards."

POLITICAL SUFFERERS.

AN APPEAL FOR DONATIONS.

Visitors, delegates and well-wishers who had promised their contributions towards the Political sufferers at the last Congress at Cawnpore, are earnestly appealed to forward the same to the Secretary, Political Sufferers' Relief Sub-Committee, C/o. Pratap Press, Cawnpore or to the Hon. Secretaries, B.P.C.C., "Congress House," 414, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay.

The opening ceremony of the Shri Bhajeshwar Bhandari Balakashram will be performed by Mr. Shapurji Pallonji Mistry of Bombay in the Fort of Ratnagiri on the 16th instant at 4 p.m. (S.T.)

In reply to a representation by Mr Vallabhbai Patel and Mr. Manilal Kothari on behalf of Ahmedabad Postmen and Telegraph peons in connection with house rent allowances, Mr. P. G. Rogers, P. M. G., Bombay, writes that he has made recommendations for the same, as a result of which a feeling of relief is felt by local Postmen and Telegraph peons.

LIQUOR SHOPS IN CITY.

CORPORATION'S DEMAND TO FIX THEIR NUMBER.

A meeting of the Municipal Corporation was held on Thursday, Mr. R. M. Chinoy presiding.

The Corporation considered a letter from the Secretary to Government (Transferred Departments) stating "that they have given careful consideration to the proposal made by the Corporation to concede to them the right to determine the number and location of liquor shops within the Town and Island of Bombay. I am to say that Government are responsible for the control of all excise arrangements and they cannot exercise that control otherwise than through their executive officers. They therefore regret that they cannot accept the proposal of the Corporation. I am to add that under the orders for the reconstitution of Excise Advisory Committees, the Corporation through their representatives on the Committee will have an ample voice in the determination of the number and location of shops and other matters connected with them."

Mr. Fazal Ibrahim moved that the letter be referred to the representatives of the Corporation on the Excise Advisory Committee for their report. Mr. Fazal said it was an important question and the Corporation must assert themselves.

Mr. H. M. Chowna seconded.

CORPORATION'S DUTY.

Mr. K. F. Nariman said it was primarily a matter for the Corporation to decide as it concerned the health of the people, for which they were responsible. Government looked at it from the standpoint of revenue and nothing else. He considered the Advisory Committee was a mere farce and it was time for the representatives of the Corporation to resign from that Committee. The best way of controlling the traffic, he said, was by asking Government to concede to the Corporation the power of controlling the location of shops. He moved that the President be asked to write to Government accordingly.

Mr. A. K. Pai seconded, as he heartily agreed with Mr. Nariman's contention.

Mr. P. G. Sahasrabudhe wanted the letter to be recorded and the same letter written to Government again asking for the power to determine the number and location of shops in the city.

Mr. Mantri seconded.

Dr. A. G. Viegas thought that the best way of attaining total prohibition was by introducing it first in the city of Bombay. But Government were evidently unwilling to keep their promise. In his opinion the best way to improve matters was for Government to refuse the transfer of licenses.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta entirely agreed with Mr. Sahasrabudhe, as he considered that the location of shops was a subsidiary matter. The Corporation must have the power of determining the number and also the location of shops as in that way alone would they be able to control the traffic.

Mr. D. G. Dalvi was disappointed at the attitude of the Excise Minister. Government had said that their goal was total prohibition within 20 years, but he wanted to know whether they had taken any steps yet in that direction. Had Government gone beyond the stage of the Advisory Committee, so that the public could have local option, he asked.

After the mover had replied Mr. Sahasrabudhe's amendment was adopted as a substantive proposition.

The Corporation then adjourned to Monday next.

BOMBAY LABOUR'S SYMPATHY.

THANKS FROM BRITISH WORKERS.

Mr. N. M. Joshi, has received the following cable from Mr. Pugh, Chairman of the General Council of the British Trades Union Congress:—

'On behalf of the British organised Workers, the General Council send their cordial thanks for your practical expression of sympathy.—Pugh."

The Managing Committee of the Bombay Textile Labour Union has sanctioned and handed over £25 as its humble contribution to the amount of £500 which the Bombay Labour Organisation Fund Committee have already cabled to England for the strike Fund of the British workers.

SYMPATHY OF DEPRESSED INDIA ASSN.

The following resolutions were passed at a special meeting of the Managing Committee of the Depressed India Association, Bombay Branch, held on the 11th instant.

This Association fully sympathises with the common strike made by the mine and other labourers and also with the Trade Union Congress. The Association regrets its inability to send any pecuniary help.

The Committee of this Association has its full concurrence to the invitation given by Mr. Bhosle to the All-India Depressed Class conference to be held in Bombay next December and this Committee things that a special meeting of the Bombay leaders be convened soon to consider this question.

This Association records its heartfelt sorrow for the untimely sad death of Jarbai Navroji Wadia on the 8th instant. We join in the bereavement of her sons Messrs. N. N. Wadia and C. N. Wadia. May the soul of the deceased rest in peace.

PROF. JACKSON'S ADDRESS.

PARTING MESSAGE TO PARSEES.

Under the auspices of the K. R. Oriental Kama Institute, Professor A. V. Jackson of the Indo-Iranian languages, Columbia University at New York, gave a farewell lecture at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, on Thursday evening when a large number of Parsis including some ladies were present. Dastur Shamsululema D. P. Sanjana presided.

MESSAGE TO PARSIS.

Professor Jackson said that as he was leaving the beautiful shores of India on Saturday the speech of the evening was his final utterance in India. He recalled an incident 15 years old when he was present at the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall. He had been associated with Zoroastrianism for the last 25 years and had travelled all over India and had found that Zoroastrianism was connected with India even before the Parsis came. He had seen a painting in the Ajanta caves where a Persian embassy was seen meeting an Indian king. He had also travelled over Afghanistan, Persia and Baluchistan and had seen there the effects of Persian civilization. He appealed to the Parsis of India to unite and organize themselves. This was his parting message.

He thanked them from the bottom of his heart and said that he would carry very happy memories of the Parsis in India.

Dasturji Sanjana then thanked Prof. Jackson for his taking great interest in Zoroastrianism and wished him long life.

Professor and Mrs. Jackson were then garlanded. The meeting came to a close with a vote of thanks for the chair.

MARINE STREET FIRE.

DUE TO EXPLOSION OF CHLORATE OF POTASH.

It would appear that the disastrous fire which occurred at Marine Street, Fort, Bombay, on the afternoon of the 2nd instant originated from an explosion of chlorate of potash. In consequence of this explosion one Rakhma Ganu, a Hindu Mucadum aged 35 years received extensive burns and succumbed to his injuries in the G. T. Hospital on Wednesday night.

Rakhma was employed as a mucadum in Indo British Chemical Co., situate on the ground flood of dadoo building. Marine Street. On the 2nd instant at 3-30 p. m. Rakhma was repairing a wooden barrel of chlorate of potash when a spark ignited by the hammer and produced a blaze. Rakhma's dhoti caught fire and he received extensive burns. He was removed to G. T. Hospital where he died of pneumonia following injuries.

THE INQUEST.

At an inquest held by the Coroner Ramprasad Nandrai Desai, proprietor of the Indo-British Chemical Co., said that at times barrels of chemicals came in his godown in a damaged condition. The mukadams used to repair them.

Jankoo Mankoo a hamal, said the deceased was hammering the barrel when the chlorate of potash was exposed. Suddenly the barrel was in a blaze, flames spread and the whole godown was on fire.

Mr. Chhatrapati, pleader, appeared for the proprietor Mr. R. N. Desai.

Further hearing was adjourned as a part of chlorate of potash has been sent for report to the Government Chemical Analyser.

DEATH FROM HYDROPHOBIA

Nambai, a Hindu woman aged 32 years residing at Haines Road, was bitten by a mad dog about three months ago. She was treated at home and subsequently she began to go to work in a mill.

On Saturday last she complained of headache which was followed by fever. Her brother took her to Adams Wylie Hospital, but the doctor, after hearing the history of the case advised her to go to Parel laboratory. She was then taken to Parel laboratory on Tuesday but as there was no accommodation for inpatients, the laboratory doctor advised her removal to King Edward Hospital. The doctor himself accompanied her in a motor car but the patient became worse and refused to go to the hospital. She died at 2 p.m. the same day in her house.

Medical evidence showed that death was due to hydraphobia.

At the inquest held by the Coroner the jury returned a verdict of death by hydrophobia.

FATAL FALL FROM ELECTRIC TRAIN

Nanane Walad Hussain Bux (30) a painter residing in "H." block of Sitaram Building, was travelling by an electric train at 7-45 a.m. on Thursday when he fell down near "E" bridge at Sandhurst Road. He sustained injuries on the head and died on the spot.

MAULED CRICKETER'S SATISFACTORY PROGRESS

It is reported that Mr. Shams A. Tyebjee and Mr. Azeem Tyebjee who were mauled by a tiger recently at Utnoor in H. E. H. the Nizam's territory are making satisfactory progress. A telegram received in Bombay yesterday in regard to their health states that the patients are doing well.

HAMPSHIRE VS AUSTRALIANS.

LONDON, May 12.

In the match between Hampshire and Australians, the latter playing first, scored 364 for nine wickets (Gregory 128, Taylor 73.—Reuter's Special.

DAYLIGHT BURGLARY.

POLICE SUB-INSPECTOR'S FLAT BROKEN INTO.

A daring theft was committed in broad daylight at the quarters of a Police Sub-Inspector on Tuesday last, when the thieves broke into his house during his absence and removed a revolver and some ammunition.

The victim of this burglary is Sub-Inspector V. S. Karnik of the Bombay District Police, who has been working with the City Police for the past one year. He resides at the east wing of the new quarters at the junction of Phul Gully and Sandhurst Road. On the day in question, Sub-Inspector Karnik locked up his flat at about 9 a.m. and went to the Pydhonie Police Station, from where he proceeded to the Mazagon Police Court. At about 2 p.m. he received a telephone message saying that his flat had been broken into. On going there he found the place in absolute disorder and discovered a six-chambered Webley Scot revolver, twenty-four rounds of ammunition and some clothes missing.

"PRAWASI PAGAL" AGAIN.

On Wednesday afternoon, the Bombay C. I. D. arrested "Prawasi Pagal", Editor of the much-talked of Gujerati weekly, "Pol", and T. W. Joshi, printer and keeper of the Chaupatti Printing Press, at the French Bridge, for alleged publication of obscene pictures in the issues of "Pol" during the months of October, 1925, and February and April, 1926. Rao Saheb Patwardhan of the C. I. D. (Special Branch) went to the "Pol" office and as the offence of printing obscene pictures is a cognisable one, he arrested the editor without any warrant.

All copies of the "Pol", about 700 in number, were seized and taken charge of by police who then went to the Chaupatti Printing Press. Mr. T. W. Joshi, printer and keeper of the Press, was arrested there and all papers and five blocks of the particular obscene pictures were seized. The editor and the printer were both taken to the Lamington Road Police Station where they were released on a bail of Rs. 200 each. They will be placed before a magistrate next week.

It will be remembered that "Prawasi Pagal" was convicted of defamation a few months ago by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and fined Rs. 300. Mr. T. W. Joshi who was also charged in this case had apologised and the case against him was withdrawn.

There are still two cases against the editor of the "Pol" pending before the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

KHANDI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION

Interesting arguments were made before Mr. S. S. Rangnekar, the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court on Thursday regarding the two cases that were before his Worship, one against the Khandi Mahajan Association, Ltd., and the other against some 350 members of that Association. The argument centred round the question as to which of the two cases should be heard first. Mr. Taleyarkhan, Bar-at-Law, assisted by Mr. Chhatrapati appeared on behalf of the Khandi Mahajan Association, Ltd., while Mr. Frank Oliveira, Advocate, with Mr. Kirke-Smith appeared for the prosecution.

It will be recalled the police raided the Khandi Mahajan Association hall on March 20th and had arrested 350 of the members of the Association charging them with gambling. Before the case against them came up for hearing, Mr. Wagle of the C. I. D. had lodged a complaint against the Association levelling a charge of maintaining a gambling house against it.

Mr. Taleyarkhan argued that the case against the Association itself should be heard first on the ground that if it were heard and decided first, the police case against the members of the Association could be decided very soon.

Mr. Oliveira opposed it saying that as the police case was prior to the other case on the charge-sheet, it should be taken in order.

His Worship after listening to the arguments of both the sides passed orders to hear the police case against the 350 members of the Association first.

DACOIT GANG CASE

Before Mr. H. P. H. Dastur, the Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Dyer of the C. I. D. put up Mahomed alias Mumtaz Shafi, Haji Hassan Haji Ismail, Hassan Haji Cassum, Aisan Ali Anwar Ali, Pyarelal Amritlal and Ali Hussein Hyder, the six persons, arrested in connection with the Dacoit Gang case and applied for permission to hand them to the Bandra Police to stand their trial before the Court at Bandra.

He further applied for permission to release Gopal Ghiasiram, Ramchandra Govind, Ismail Abdul Rehman, Abdul Rehman Akbar Haji Mahomed Haji Abdul Rehman, Sebastian Furtado and Gulam Hyder who were arrested in connection with the same case, but who were no more required for the purpose of investigation.

His Worship passed orders granting the permission.

AGRA TENANCY BILL.

NAINITAL, May 13.

The Select Committee appointed by the U. P. Legislative Council to consider the Agra Tenancy Bill, has assembled here since May 3. Excepting Rajah Jajnath Bux Singh, all other members are present.

From a reliable source it is gathered that not a single amendment favouring the cause of the tenants has been passed, while further restrictions on the occupancy of the tenants are being contemplated. It is likely that about 30 per cent of agricultural land in the province of Agra will go to the zemindars as *sir* land.

Voting has been carried on party lines, the three Swarajists on the one side and the Government and the zemindars on the other.—Free Press of India.

"MORE STRAIGHT-FORWARD WAY!"

MR. JAYAKAR ON RESPONSIVISTS' PROGRAMME

PLEA FOR ACCEPTANCE OF OFFICES.

A well-attended public meeting was held at Tilak Mandir, Ville Parle on Wednesday night when Mr. M. R. Jayakar spoke on Responsive Co-operation. Mr. V. V. Bhadkamkar, a local pleader presided. The meeting was convened under the auspices of the newly formed Democratic Voters' Association of Ville-Parle.

Mr. Jayakar at the outset Congratulated the residents of Ville Parle on their forming a Voters' Association which he opined was a very good move, and said:—

It is no exaggeration to say that the future is with the voters and in proportion as we cultivate the right mentality on his part, in that measure will be the success of our political efforts. I am glad to hear that you already have about 1,000 voters for the local Council. My advice to you is that you should organise yourselves during the next few months and cultivate public opinion on lines which you think are sound and support the men whom you think, represent your views.

THE SABARMATI PACT.

About the Pact although the President has asked me to make a statement in connection with the circumstances which caused this breach, I do not propose to say much, because whatever I had to say has already been put before the public in the form of a statement issued to the Press three days ago. I do not propose to widen the gulf between these two wings of the Congress by saying anything calculated to stir up passions for I have no doubt that when we meet, as we eventually must, on the floor of the Legislature, unity of action is highly probable and desirable and I do not wish to mar the chances of such a larger unity by revoking remarks as some people on the other side of the line are doing at present. Those who provocate sentiments against us forget for the moment that we had been with the Swaraj Party for the last five years, in the words of their own leader, "his comrade-in arms," and though differences divide us at the present moment, no progress in the legislatures can be made without unity of effort. I do not propose to emulate our rivals in the task of creating wider and wider gulfs between us.

My purpose in coming here is to explain to you in its true light the doctrine of Responsive Co-operation which really means catching hold of every opportunity which the legislatures provide for the purpose of creating a stern, honest and invincible opposition to the mistule and injustice in this country. There is no doubt that the working of the legislatures during the last two years has brought to light many defects in our programme and my party honestly desires that in the light of this experience we should change in a straightforward, honest and open manner the programme so as to provide against defects which our experience has brought to light. It is not seriously disputed that these defects have been brought to light but instead of changing them as honest men standing before their electors and after taking them into confidence, the desire on the other side is to make the changes not in the face of the electors but by some perplexing resolution of the Congress later on after the elections, and already a talk has been in the air that in the Assam Congress changes will be made in the direction of accepting offices. So the difference is not that changes ought to be made but in what way, before what forum and by what agencies the changes will be made. I venture to say that the Responsivist course is the more straightforward way. We say that either you do not go to the Councils at all if you have no faith in the legislature but if you do go there work them to the best of their power and potentialities using every opportunity for carrying the struggle for Swaraj into every quarter where it is possible.

DUTY OF VOTERS.

I know that our creed stands in danger of being misunderstood as a hunt for offices but such a misunderstanding is inevitable. I shall only ask you to look into the antecedents of those who are espousing this cause for the moment and find out whether you see anything there which supports the theory of place-hunting. I want you to be careful that watch-words do not take you off your heels at the next elections or the mere shibboleth of a party name or a big organisation. Judge election cries and candidates on their merits, intelligent men as you are. Examine the political gospel which is preached for your acceptance. Apply your mind very carefully and critically and see whether what is offered to you is honest, straightforward and practical politics or is merely a catch-word based upon either sentiment or camouflage. No doubt if you employ the same intelligence which has prompted you to start the Voters' Association it will enable you to arrive at the right conclusion at the right time. Ask anyone who has seen the inner working of the legislatures and he will tell you that changes are needed in our programme in the direction of making it more practical and more in conformity with the needs of the electors apart from sentiments and political theories. Everyone agrees that Government is very strong to-day. If so the greater the need of a programme on which many parties, not only one or two, can agree and by the aid of which we can push forward our struggle as a practical and united people into departments where our sentiments or influence have not yet greatly penetrated.

PLEA FOR ACCEPTING OFFICE.

You will be told about the corruptions of offices but that is a vain cry in the face of our demand for Indianisation. If Indians must be given offices in a larger measure which is a part of the claim for Swaraj it is equally evident that patriotic and selfless men must fill in these offices taking the risk of facing the corruptions, if any, of such office. Some day you will have to do it and the sooner we begin the experiment the better. I am not against devising conditions and proper safeguards preventing the misuse of power and responsibility as also conritions which are calculated to enforce obedience to the voice of the people on the part of those whom we have chosen to be into places of power and responsibility. These are little details which can be without difficulty adjusted if we are once agreed on the principle. In the last pact we made such an effort which triumphed for a time but unfortunately the opposition to the pact, in many cases personal and individual, was too strong for those who arranged the pact on the side of the Swarajists. But let not that experiment even in its failure be without its lessons for us and I have no doubt that if we bear these lessons in mind we will get through this intervening period of discord and controversy without permanent harm to our common interest.

Concluding Mr. Jayakar thanked the audience for giving him a patient hearing and advised his hearers not to be carried away by sentiments created by excited speeches but to think for themselves all what may be said to them.

A vote of thanks for the Chairman and the speaker concluded the proceedings.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormasji and Co., Frere Road, Fort).

JULY.

13th May, 1926

Previous Closing Rate	18.49
To-day's Opening Rate	18.45
Difference	—04
To-day's Closing Rate	18.35
Difference	—.14

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service Ismail Bldg. Hornby Road.)

12th May 1926.

Previous Closing Rate	9.51
To-day's Opening Rate	9-53
Difference	+.02
To-day's Closing Rate	9·47
Difference	—.04
Khandi Market Closed	
Sewri Market	338-8-0

DEPUTATION TO HEDJAZ.

M. SHAUKATALI ON ITS OBJECTS.

BOMBAY, May 13.

Prior to the departure of the Khilafat Deputation to Hedjaz a "Free Press" representative obtained an interview with Maulana Shaukat Ali.—

Explaining why he is going to the Hedjaz, the Maulana said I am going firstly for the Haj which is incumbent on every Muslim; secondly to study the Haj question at the other end, knowing full well the difficulties in Bombay; and thirdly to represent the Central Khilafat Committee under the leadership of Maulana Syed Sulleiman Nadvi along with Moulana Mahommed Ali and Shoeb Quereishi. Well, pray for us. We have repeatedly warned European powers, especially England, to give up any scheme they may have for Arab lands. I am afraid their hands are full, and if they do not heed our warning they will burn their fingers. No Muslim will tolerate non-Muslim control in Muslim countries.

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

"As for our mother country" Maulana Shaukat Ali said, "we shall be away for two months and a half. I hope that during this period both Mussulman and Hindus will realise whither the policy of drift will take her. It is my earnest desire that leaders of both communities should put their heads together in a Round Table Conference and settle all outstanding questions. As for myself I am what I was and where I was in 1920. I consider it my duty to put up a fight against the unjust system of government, against reactionary Mussulmans, and now I am afraid, the fight will have to be put up against those reactionary Hindus also, who want to create mischief between Hindus and Mussulmans. It is the most extraordinary that while Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya leads reactionary Hindus, Mr. Jinnah and Sir Abdur Rahim lead reactionary Mussulmans. Both sides are egging them on to fight, yet both are devoted adherents of Government. We do not want our people to go to the feet of Britain again, the Mussulmans on the right foot the Hindus on the left foot. We will not allow this if we can help it. We will fight all those, who want to enslave our people."

Criticising the reports of the Khudamul Harniam Maulana Shaukat Ali said "they are exploiting for their own interest a delicate and difficult position and are swayed by personal feelings and religious bias. Nothing is more dangerous than half truths. No pucca graves and no domes on graves are encouraged by Islam. Some Mussulmans consider that they should never be built, and if built should be razed to the ground. To others these structures are "makrooh." i.e. disliked. We hope to persuade Sultan Ibn Saud to introduce reforms not so much by compulsion as by persuasion. The Holy Mecca and Medina are common Holy Places of Mussulmans of all sects, and nothing should be done to injure their feelings and religious susceptibilities. Had Sultan Ibn Saud been first there these things would not have happened."

The Maulana is optimistic of the result of the Mecca Conference. They will sail this afternoon at four.—

IF EVERY WIFE KNEW
WHAT EVERY WIDOW KNOWS
EVERY HUSBAND WOULD BE INSURED.

INDIA EQUITABLE
INSURANCE CO. LTD.

HEAD OFFICE :—
LALL BAZAR STREET, CALCUTTA.

UNDOUBTEDLY THE
BEST LIFE INSURANCE CO.
of about its age.

The last reversionary bonus declared to its policy-holders rises to Rs. 15 per annum for each Rs. 1,000 assured.

WANTED AGENTS
on commission and allowance on guaranteed business.

For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to

For further particulars, proposal forms and terms of Agency, please apply to
THE INDIAN PRODUCTS
SUPPLYING AGENCY, LTD.
P. CHAUDHURI, Secretary.
Head Office: CALCUTTA.

JUST OUT
"IN THE CLUTCH OF THE DEVIL,"
(An original Drama in Five Acts)
By Mr. A. S. P. AYYAR,
M. A. (Oxon), L. C. S.
A Thrilling Social Drama!
Most Interesting! Rupee ONE.
Excellent Opinions!
Apply to
RAMCHANDRA GOVIND & SON,
arnac Road, Kalbadevi, BOMBAY

FLOOR TILES
STAR BRAND RED HEXAGONS
Rs. 24/- per 1,000
ENGLISH PATTERNS SOLD AT
REDUCED RATES.
C. BHOGILAL & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
Telegram: FASHION. Phone: 24852

TILES & MARBLES
Our quality Defy Competition
SAJAN & CO.
4 Custom House Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

MACHINE TOOLS
for WORKSHOPS
SUCH AS
Lathes, Drills, Planning, Punching, Shearing, Milling Machines, Blowers, Twist Drills, etc.
DELIVERY FROM STOCK
BATLIBOI & Co.,
MACHINERY MERCHANTS,
Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

LET MY COUNTRY AWAKE
BY
SOHRAB A. CALIANIWALA.
Price Rs. 2/12 only. V. P. P. 5 As.
This work appeals to the patriotic youth of India to bring their Motherland in line with the advanced nations of the world by maintaining the traditional character of Indian ethics, literature, art and music when they were at their best and by developing on that line; for India cannot come to herself merely by imitating the West blindly. India's mission is to create and give to the world spiritual culture; and this alone will enable her to compel Occident to turn to her for inspiration and guidance
SUNSHINE PUBLISHING HOUSE.
Engineer Building, Princess Street, Bombay.

RUSTOMJI NOWROJI
BAPASOLA
Telegrams, BAPASOLA, Bombay.
Telephone No. 20883.
MUBARAKH MANZIL,
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Large Stocks available for best quality AMERICAN GREASE, CARBORUNDUM GRINDING, POLISHING and FINISHING STONES, and WHEELS, used for all classes of Industrial Purposes such as in the Manufacturing of Ploughs, Knives, Artificial Rubies, for Dressing of Castings, etc.
I also carry Large Stock Compressed High Pressure RED SHEET JOINTING, ELECTRICAL MOTORS, and ACCESSORIES, POWERFUL 8 VALVE WIRELESS RECEIVING SET. Can be worked without Aerial Earth Connection.
Price and Particulars will be furnished on application.

BLACKSTONE
OIL ENGINES
ARE
INDIA'S FAVOURITE
AND
HAVE NO EQUAL
300 ENGINES ALWAYS IN STOCK
MARSHALL SONS
& Co., (India) Ltd.
Ballard Road, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle.
FRIDAY, MAY, 14, 1926.

A SUICIDAL POLICY.

The Colour Bar Bill has been passed. In doing so the South African Whites have taken a step which will inevitably lead to the disruption of the British Empire. Unless the Governor-General of South Africa withholds his consent to this pernicious piece of legislation, its passage is bound to be interpreted as a challenge on the part of white arroganee to the non-white races of the British Empire to do their very worst in fighting against the cold-blooded tyranny, fortified by legislative enactment, which the Whites in South Africa mean to practise in ordering the daily life and opportunity of the coloured and Asiatic population in whose midst they live solely by the right of the sword. South Africa belongs to the African races which have an immemorial claim upon that land. A number of white men come and grab it and now demand that the black man and with him the Asiatic shall be debarred from obtaining his livelihood by pursuing certain callings which shall be the preserve of the white man. The majority in the Joint Session of the Senate and the Assembly which adopted the Colour Bar Bill has failed to realise that the measure it succeeded in getting on the Statute-Book is not only an immoral and an inhuman attempt to deny to other fellow beings the right of livelihood, but that it is a measure which is sure before very long to raise such a storm of bitter hostility amongst the native population of Africa, apart from the opposition which Indians are bound to offer to it, that it is going to make the peaceful continuance of white rule in that land practically impossible.

One of the most hypocritical arguments advanced by the supporters of the measure is that the present legislation only aims to give precision to certain points left vague in the Mines and Works Act of 1911. When General Smuts declared, in fierce opposition to it, that the amended measure was only a piece of political stratagem on the part of the Hertzog Government to obtain power to remove extensively the rights and privileges of the natives, the Premier warmly repudiated the charge and accused General Smuts of making a "contemptable and untrue" statement. But the anxiety of the Hertzog Government really centres in getting over the possibility of finding the Law Courts again invalidating any attempt to lay down a colour bar, as they did in the case of the Law of 1911. They have therefore definitely put on the Statute-Book a measure which unblushingly recognises the colour bar and gives legislature sanction to the cruel claim that such a colour bar is essential for the maintenance of the white man's position in South Africa. So here is a measure which imposes by the restrictions it establishes on the sphere of labour for the coloured and the Asiatic population of the country a refined system of slavery on them and it makes the scandalous pretension that it does so out of the necessity of keeping up the "position" of the White conquerors of South Africa. This cruel exhibition of how force majeure is transformed into the rectitude of law will not be lost upon the subject population of the Empire and their desire to be freed from the shackles which Imperialism imposes will be considerably strengthened.

The Indian population of South Africa has ample reason to make common cause with its coloured population in fighting for the abolition of this iniquitous legislation and to ask that the Governor-General of South Africa should withhold his consent to it while the British Government is asked to intervene, as it has a right to do. Under the new measure no Asiatic can be deemed at any time competent or be allowed to be employed in any mines, works or industries in which any kind of mechanical propulsion is employed. Sugar mills, lime works or brick works which are such an important feature of the industrial energy of South Africa are debarred to him simply because of his skin. He may be technically proficient, he may be physically fit, he may stand the rigour of the climate better than the white man, but his sin is the sin of colour, and for "the maintenance of the white man's position" he must be starved out of the country and the African native must be starved back into his kraal condemned not to rise higher in civilisation because it will not suit the selfishness and the greed of the white man. India must not tolerate this piece of deliberate cruelty. It must be fought out and destroyed.

A HOPEFUL OUTLOOK

The general strike has been called off. This has been due as much to the statesmanlike handling of the situation on the part of the Trade Union leaders as to the patience and resource exhibited by a section of the Baldwin Government ably assisted by Sir Herbert Samuel. The British genius lies in securing a healthy and abiding compromise whenever a situation proves patently inconvenient to the general body of the nation. The general strike smelt a good deal of the methods of the French syndicalists and the British people are averse to accepting any sudden or radical change even in methods of agitation. They are able to understand the natural hesitancy of the miners in not resuming work until they hold a Delegates Conference of their own but their practical good sense refuses to agree with the idea that a sympathy strike on the part of those concerned in maintaining public utility services should go on indefinitely. The Trade Union leaders knew how to feel the pulse of the nation and they realised that a discontinuance of the general strike was far more likely to induce an atmosphere of friendly negotiation than a bitter and stubborn insistence on its continuance. The memorandum drawn up by Sir Herbert Samuel centres round the one cardinal proviso that negotiations regarding the conditions of the coal industry should be resumed and the subsidy renewed for a reasonable period. If the Baldwin Government had shown, during the last phase of the unsuccessful negotiations just preceding the general strike, a friendly attitude to the proposal for a renewal of the subsidy, the strike would not have very probably occurred. Sir Herbert Samuel's other proposal about the establishment of a National Wages Board is also bound to strengthen the hands of those who will now urge the leaders of the miners to resume work pending negotiations. It is doubtful whether the mine-owners will agree to have the National Wages Board, but there is no doubt that the proposal opens up the possibility of an atmosphere being created in which the two sides can thrash out a working arrangement acceptable on the whole to both. The most welcome advance however consists in both of them consenting to agree that means must be provided of settling disputes in the industry other than by conferences of miners and owners alone. If such means can be provided by suitable legislation, it will be a great step forward in the peaceful solution of industrial disputes which threaten to become a source of national danger.

FOILED AGAIN.

The delusions under which all manner of Monarchists and Legitimists in every country in Europe suffer do not come up for public notice generally unless they lead to a "putsch" or a "coup" which is as theatrical in the manner of its execution, as it is idiotic in conception. The latest attempt at a putsch in Germany has been foiled by the confiscation of documents by the State authorities implicating several leading members of the Nationalist party in Germany. The documents show that a definite bid was to be made for the restoration of the Hohenzollern system. The Ex-Kaiser played in this affair the part usually allocated in such coups to exiled Royalty. He thanked his friends and sent his photograph. But the discovery of the plot had its effect upon the stability of the Luther-Stresemann combination which has held the reins of power so long in Germany. On an issue which in itself was of trifling importance, the Luther Government was defeated and had to resign. But although the Socialists and the Democrats in the Reichstag forced its abdication because of their dislike of the association with the Republican flag of the old Monarchist colours to which it had consented, they will find it difficult to get on without Dr. Stresemann at the Wilhelmstrasse, and the new Cabinet will be only a revised edition of the old.

THE PLIGHT OF KENYA INDIANS

How unhappy one feels to learn that the fate of Kenya Indians is hanging in darkness and under gloomy clouds! But has any body questioned for a single moment, who is to be blamed for all the misfortunes and hardships to which the Kenya Indians are subjected? No, none! It seems to me and it does so, from the experience of facts and figures, that there are two chief factors, which are responsible; one is the "don't care" policy of the Indian leaders in India, and the second is the sailing of the ship of the Kenya Indians' "cause-and-destiny" by the inexperienced self-styled-leaders on account of their ill-judged actions. In most cases these persons are without any principles to follow or to adopt and they are carried away by their own unbalanced sentiments and zeal.

Bad Leadership.

It is very unfortunate that those who are at the helm of the affairs in regard to the Kenya Indians' cause when their personal interests are to be gained and when their interests are pecuniarily affected, abruptly shun the steering of the ship above-stated, and then they doubly jeopardize the cause. These imposing workers (if at all they can be called workers) try to meddle in everything but on account of their little and shallow knowledge they make a mess of all the affairs—whether important or unimportant. These persons, while calling themselves Kenya Indian Leaders, will not be ashamed of flattering "Lord Delamere and Co." and the Government in order to please them and at that time they will not care, even a farthing, for the cause of the Kenya Indians; and who can say that these persons will not betray (if they have not as yet betrayed) the sacred trust of the honourable cause for a trifling honour, smiles from the opponents or a little personal gain? None in India has forgotten the 1923 months when from one corner to the other in India protests—very strong protests were raised against that detestable White Paper Policy. At that time Kenya too joined in the Protest-chorus. Kenya's Sarojini Congress of 1924 unanimously condemned the Policy and decided to Satyagraha till it (i.e. the White Paper Policy) was reversed. What a fall of those solemn declarations to-day! To-day these leaders (?) are working under the White Paper Policy! They say they are working "under protest"; what a childish statement! Can any sane and sensible fellow drink a cup of poison even under protest? These leaders are afraid of self-sufferings, so when time came to suffer and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu showed a way to fight the cause, these persons saw that their game was over, they therefore engineered a stratagem of entering in the Kenya Legislatures in order that a few of their party-men may be called honourables and may have occasions to shake hands with the Governor!

The Situation Mishandled.

They gave then—before entering into Legislatures where they are hopelessly in a minority (5 members out of the Council of over three dozen members and even these 5 not playing the same tune!)—big hopes. But what they have done so far in the Council can be judged from a few illustrations. They supported and voted for a resolution moved by Lord Delamere —that open opponent of Kenya Indians— to take a census of the non-native populations, the aim of which resolution, the European members stated in the Legislative Council, was to get figures for restricting the Indian Immigration! They supported and voted for the new Shop Hours Ordinance, which measure was strongly resented by the biggest and old established merchants and the masses, as the measure is going to put the Indian trade and merchants in the most perilous position. These members supported and voted for an annual allowance of a sum of over £1,000/- to the members of the family of the late Sir Robert Coryndon (the late Governor of Kenya) who had not left a single stone unturned to ruin the Indians' cause! These champions of Indians are so strong-backed that they, while within and without the Councils, insults, and humiliating insinuations are being thrown at them against themselves and against the Indian community, pocket them without the least resentment but on the contrary similingly! Being afraid of earning the Governor's (who is also an anti-Indian) displeasure these members could not ask a question in the Legislative Council (although such a question was long afterwards asked by a member of the House of Commons to the Under-Secretary) as regards the insults and pushes offered to Indians on the Alexandra-Memorial Service day in the presence of the present Governor!

In short these Kenya Indians leaders make a hollow show of a great many things but are doing substantially nothing and it is, therefore, a very big question as to how we could solve the Kenya Indian-Problem to Indians' satisfaction with these stiff-backed champions unless and until the sober-minded, matured, thoughtful leaders of India who have the skill of doing things rightly, on account of their great and practical experience, take up the cause of the Kenya Indians. But that is the question. "Will they take it up"?

VINDICATION OF ARCHITECTURE.

"An Educationist" has written feelingly upon the topic of School Buildings in the "Chronicle" of May 3rd. He has been moved to write on the subject, we believe, because he thinks money is uselessly lavished upon Architecture—which is mere imitation of some approved style with rich and profuse decoration; and, secondly, those palatial buildings in no way influence the character of the children who are housed there; on the contrary if any effect is left on their mind, it is quite undesirable for the sons of an Agricultural Nation. The wrath of "the Educationist" would have been justified, if he were to criticise architecture intelligently but we daresay, from the article it can be seen, that he does not know what is Architecture and is ignorant of its importance to the community at large. He is confusing ordinary structure with superfluous ornament of an Engineer with a well-designed architectural building of an able Architect. We agree with him that schools are meant to produce men and women of character and not to have mere decorative buildings to adorn the city; but we would strongly maintain that an architectural building—well-planned, strong, convenient and beautiful as well—will certainly have an elevting effect upon the mind of the students and it is worth while to spend a little more on such a building and it naturally becomes a precious jewel in the treasures of the city.

Public Apathy.

There is no gain-saying the fact, the general public knows very little of and cares much less for Architecture; and this general ignorance and apathy renders them quite unfit to discriminate between sham and real Architecture. Architecture is the profession, moreover, which lends itself easily to the charlatan and the ill-informed, many of whom possess no architectural qualifications, and this inability of the public to discriminate between the good and the bad perpetuates the evil. The common idea that Architecture is mere decoration—ornament stuck up upon front facades to make buildings look pretty—is mainly responsible in giving rise to such criticisms, as the present one, in the daily Press. The only remedy lies in educating the public to understand Architecture. This twentieth century is chiefly utilitarian in character. Men think in terms of £. s. d. The artistic faculty is hopelessly benumbed. Art is supposed to be a luxury and not a necessity. Everybody is so engrossed in Commerce and Trade that nobody cares for Art and much less for Architecture. It can be said that Architecture has been buried alive and from her smouldering ashes—like a phoenix —her mere ghost—the art of Engineering has sprung up. The Engineer, who puts on the mask of the Architect, is a mere commercialist who discovers what are the public wants and does his best to satisfy them. So long as people insist on having too much for their money, so long will there be buildings of the type which "Educationist" laments—mere transplantation of foreign styles with lavish ornament and decoration with no meaning. If the owner demands too much in the way of size, he must be content with less in way of quality. Thus Engineering has done much harm to the Mistress Art of Architecture. The houses built by the engineer are not only commodious, but also showy and that puts off the public from the right track as it mistakes the one for the other. Hence the disrepute of the Architect and the folly and pretensions of the Engineer! It is quite natural that the Engineer, to demonstrate his skill and to show off his borrowed feathers, should spend much upon ornament and decoration thus unnecessarily increasing the cost of the building and no wonder if the client is dissatisfied with him and his work; but unhappily in his disappointment, he reproaches the Architect and his profession!

The Function of Architecture.

The same it appears to be the case with "Educationist." He does not know that Architecture is not a mere ornamental something thrown over the building to look pretty, but it is an inherent quality that has to be there from the very beginning. Architecture is concerned with the plan, convenience, stability and beauty—and there are other considerations about the proposed expenditure, site and surroundings which are no less important. Architecture has got its stamp, its character—and the Nation lives in its Architecture. We are sure "Educationist" laments the demonstration of the skill of the Engineer, but if he educates himself to understand Architecture and its full significance, he would not grudge to spend a little more to have architecturally built buildings for schools which he would find impress the mind and elevate the character of the students.

The public have still to learn that Architects are not only artists, but also practical men and that Art is not a luxury, it is a vital necessity, without which no nation can maintain its place in the world. "Educationist" should not forget that man builds towns so that the towns shall build his sons—and that city teaches the man. The craze for what are modestly termed decent school buildings is no doubt bad (when decent is defined to mean—a building built after some approved style with decorative form), but love and regard for real architectural school buildings is the sore need of the hour and we hope that the public would soon awake to their duty to this most useful and all-embracing art of Architecture.

G. B. K.

Notes of the Day.

The Panacea.

It is the pet theory of every bureaucratic government that the only safe remedy for the prevention of disorder lies in giving an increase of power to the police. While the riots in Calcutta were in progress, Lord Lytton and his Government were at Darjeeling watching the situation from its cool heights. They refused to accept the suggestion of the Congress and Khilafat leaders that the volunteer organisations belonging to these two bodies should be utilised in stopping the march of mischievous rumours and in preventing disorder. Now they turn up with the suggestion of legislation which will place additional arbitrary and vexatious power in the hands of the Bengal police. They propose to introduce at a meeting of the Bengal Legislature the Presidency Area Security Bill. The measure was discussed by the Calcutta Corporation on Wednesday and that body declared that it would be a superfluous piece of legislation as Government had got sufficient powers to cope with emergencies. The European members of course held otherwise.

A Crying Need.

Dr. Hariprasad V. Desai gives in the latest issue of "Nav-Jivan" an absorbingly interesting account of the progress of the campaign he started last year to cleanse the city of Ahmedabad. Dr. Desai makes a number of interesting suggestions to the local Municipality in the light of the experience he has gained in fighting the insanitary conditions in which Ahmedabad streets are allowed to fall. Dr. Desai adopted thorough methods of work. The enthusiasm which his army of workers showed in making the campaign successful shows that the sanitary conscience of Ahmedabad is awake. 550 sweepers, 24 Sub Inspectors and 14 Inspectors of the Sanitary Department were busy cleansing 5 to 7 streets every day. This is excellent progress, but we wish Dr. Desai and his colleagues will also pay attention to the education of the younger generation in hygienic habits. They must be made to realise that the habit of leaning over from the balconies every morning with a babul stick in the mouth and making a public performance of the morning ablutions in which the elder generation indulges is not likely to keep any thoroughfare clean.

"Ample Voice".

In rejecting the demand, which has overwhelming popular support behind it, of the Bombay Corporation for the right to determine the number and location of liquor shops within the Town and Island of Bombay, the local Government have the effrontery to assert that "under the orders for the reconstitution of Excise Advisory Committees, the Corporation through their representatives on the Committee will have an ample voice in the determination of the number and location of shops and other matters concerned with them". The subject came up before the Corporation meeting yesterday evening and it decided quite rightly to ask the President to reply to Government stating that such power must be vested in the Corporation. The Bombay public knows what sort of "ample voice" the Corporation's representatives can command from the notorious refusal of the Excise authorities to listen to the popular contention in the agitation some time ago regarding the location of the Tribhuvan Road shop.

A Case for Inquiry.

A matter which came up before the Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation in connection with the verification of the Municipal stores at Love Grove Works appears to call for serious inquiry at the hands of the Corporation. In their report on the verification work Messrs. Billimoria and Company, who have been entrusted with this work by the Corporation, stated that they were unable to certify the accuracy of the statement made by the Store Keeper that 211 32 inches cast iron pipes belonged to the Development Department. The verifiers were told that no record or register was maintained by the Inspector, Development Department. The pipes in question were lying along the Tulsi pipe line, and the filter lines at Pawai and at Chembur. The Municipal Commissioner observes with reference to the verifiers' complaint that the pipes having been given in the charge of the Store Keeper and entered by him in the books, there was no need for any record to be kept by the Inspector, Development Department. But the Corporation is bound to know what has happened to the pipes. The Municipal Commissioner has admitted that cases of theft have occurred and the Corporation ought to be on the alert and insist on closer supervision of stores.

Permicious Doctrine.

The Agent of the South Indian Railway invoked the aid of the law of supply and demand as sufficient answer for rejecting the request of the employees of that Railway for higher wages. The men's contention as expressed in a resolution which they had passed at their annual conference was that the present starting scale for clerks, of Rs. 20-8 per month was too low. They asked for Rs. 50 a month as the initial salary. The Agent says he can get a supply of recruits for the clerical service in excess of his demand. But the question is what kind of supply he can command on such a miserable pittance as Rs. 20 a month. A public utility concern like the Railway ought not be allowed to expose the public to risk and danger by entertaining labour which is bound to be inefficient because it is so badly paid. What the employee has a right to demand is a decent minimum wage and Rs. 20 for a clerk can hardly be called a decent wage.

"NOT AT END OF TROUBLE."

MINERS TO CONTINUE STRIKE.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES AT DONCASTER.

"LET US FORGET ALL BITTERNESS,"

KING'S MESSAGE TO NATION.

LONDON, May 12.

Mr. Baldwin said at to-day's meeting in the House of Commons that the Trade Union Congress representatives called at Downing Street and told him that it had decided to call off the strike forthwith. Mr. Baldwin replied to them that it must be immediate and that he and his colleagues would make efforts to secure resumption of negotiations regarding conditions in the mining industry with a view to settlement as early as possible. Mr. Baldwin would only add to the House that he believed that peace had come and that the victory that had been won was a victory for the commonsense not of any one part of the country, but of the best part of the whole of the United Kingdom.

NOT BACKWARDS BUT FORWARDS.

Mr. Baldwin added that it was of the utmost importance that the British looked not backwards but forwards. We would resume work in a spirit of co-operation putting behind us all malice and vindictiveness.

Mr. MacDonald said he was anxious not to commit a breach of the good feeling for which Mr. Baldwin had appealed, but many practical details had to be considered and this necessitated discussion. He hoped Mr. Baldwin would make a fuller statement.

NO DEMONSTRATION.

Mr. Baldwin replied that he recognised the necessity for a fuller statement as soon as possible, but it was impossible to-day. He would keep in touch with Mr. MacDonald.

There was no demonstration over Mr. MacDonald's question and Mr. Baldwin's statement, after which Mr. Baldwin, Mr. MacDonald and other leaders departed and the House proceeded to debate the Merchandise Marks Bill.—Reuter.

MOMENTOUS MEETING AT DOWNING STREET.

LABOUR LEADERS' APPEAL AND PREMIER'S RESPONSE.

LONDON, May 12.

Following is a full account of the meeting at Downing Street, this morning which was attended by Mr. Baldwin, Sir L. Worthington-Evans, Mr. Bridgeman, Mr. Neville Chamberlain, Sir A. Steel-Maitland, Col. Lane Fox, Mr. Pugh, Chairman and other members of the Trade Union Congress.

Mr. Pugh in a statement referred to Mr. Baldwin's statement to the nation which was broadcast by wireless on 8th May as something which the Trade Union Congress should certainly not ignore. On the other hand they had been exploring other possibilities with the full knowledge that whatever happened and however long the present position lasted or whatever its consequences in the long run, the process of negotiations must be gone through.

As a result of developments in that direction and the possibilty the now saw in getting back to negotiations and in view of the Premier's assurance speaking for the general community of citizens as a whole, that no stone should be left unturned to get back to negotiations, they were there to say that the general strike should be terminated forthwith in order that negotiations might proceed and they could only hope that they might proceed in a manner which would bring about a satisfactory settlement.

"THANK GOD FOR THE DECISION."

Mr Baldwin, in reply, said he thanked God for their decision. He did not think it a moment for lengthy discussion. He would only say, he accepted fully and confirmed fully all he said in the concluding part of his broadcast message He would lose no time in using every endeavour to get the two contending parties together and he would do all he could to ensure a just and lasting settlement. He hoped it would be possible shortly to state the lines on which he hoped to accomplish that end.

TRUST IN PREMIER.

Mr. Thomas said Mr. Baldwin had answered them in the way they knew he would answer them "namely that just as you recognise we had done a big thing in accepting responsibility, we felt sure the big thing would be responded to in a big way.' They knew only too well that the dislocation and difficulty could not be righted in a day or two or week, but whatever view was taken of the dispute now ending, it was common agreement that assistance from those who were the opposing parties ten minutes previously was essential to rectify and make good and start things on the right road again. The Trade Union Congress intended to give their assistance. They trusted Mr. Baldwin's word as Premier and asked him to assist them in the way he only could assist them by asking the employers and all others to make the position as easy and smooth as possible, because the one thing they must not have was guerilla warfare That must be avoided and therein both sides must contribute immediately. Nothing could be worse than that the great decision they had taken should be interpreted otherwise than as a general desire to do the right thing in a difficult moment for the industry and nation.

A SUGGESTION TO THE PREMIER

Mr. Bevin emphasised that the Trade Union Congress had taken a great risk in calling off the strike and asked whether the Premier was prepared to make a general request that ready facilities for reinstatement should be given forthwith. Owing to varying conditions in the country there might be untold confusion, but he was of opinion it would facilitate matters if the Premier made a declaration to hich employers would doubtless respond. If there was resumption with good feeling, the usual footing as regards production could be once more attained quite rapidly. The two sides had had a row which had upset things, but on his side they were quite willing to co-operate with the employers and repair the damage. Mr. Bevin asked whether the Premier's assurance that the parties would be called together to effect a just settlement meant that mining would be resumed or that negotiations would be carried on while the miners were still out and pointed out that thousands of workers could not return if the miners were still out.

MR. BALDWIN'S ASSURANCE.

Mr. Baldwin promised to consider the point immediately. The T. U. C. could trust him to consider what had been said with a view to seeing how best they could get the country into the condition in which all wanted to see it.

Mr. Baldwin said: "You will want my co-operation and I shall want yours to try to make good the damage done to the trade and try to make this country a little better and happier place than it has been in recent years. That will be my steady endeavour and I look to all of you, when we are through this, for your co-operation therein. I will do my part and I have no doubt you will do yours."

His object was to get the miner started at the first moment possible and get an agreement reached. Until he had seen the parties he could not say exactly the lines on which his object could best be attained, but they might rely on him and the Cabinet to see that no stone would be left unturned to accomplish that end. He concluded by saying that both sides had to do a great deal of anxious and difficult work and the sooner they got to it the better.

KING'S MESSAGE TO THE NATION.

"LET US FORGET ALL ELEMENTS OF BITTERNESS".

LONDON, May 12.

The King in a message from Buckingham Palace "To my People" says the Nation has just passed through a period of exceeme anxiety. It has been announced to-day that the general strike has been brought to an end. At such a moment it is supremely impotent to bring together all my people to confront the difficult situation which still remains. This task requires the co-operation of all able and well-disposed men in the country. Even with their help it will be difficult, but it will not be impossible.

Let us forget whatever elements of bitterness the events of the past few days may have created, only remembering how steady and how orderly the country remained though severely tested and forthwith address ourselves to the task of bringing into being peace which shall be lasting, because forgetting the past, the country looks only to the future with the hopefulness of a united people.—Reuter.

THE PREMIER'S APPEAL.

LONDON, May 12.

In an appeal to the country to forget the past quarrel and refrain from recrimination with regard to who started it, made by the Premier in a message to the country which was broadcast by wireless tonight, Mr. Baldwin appealed to employers to be generous, to the workers to work cordially and to the whole country to co-operate in restoring the country's industrial welfare. The Premier took the opportunity of expressing thanks to all who co-operated in keeping the country going under difficulties.

Mr. Baldwin emphasised that the general strike ended without any conditions being entered into by Government, but our business now was not to triumph over those who had failed in their mistaken attempt but rather to rally them together with the whole population in the attempt to restore the well-being of the nation.

Mr. Baldwin in conclusion declared, "The elements in our population which do not desire to see our country grow and prosper under the democratic constitution are negligible. Let us neglect them but let the rest of us, man and woman alike, whatever view we took of the recent disorder, bind ourselves in a spirit of true comradeship to preserve develop and maintain the industries of this country on

(Continued on next page).

MILITARY REVOLUTION IN POLAND

OFFICERS MARCHING ON WARSAW.

MARTIAL LAW PROCLAIMED.

LONDON, May 12.

Berlin.—A message from Warsaw states that a military revolt is reported to have broken out in Poland. Officers are supporting ex-President Pilsudski and are marching upon the Capital with troops to overthrow the new Government under M. Witos.

Martial law has been proclaimed and Government is taking energetic measures of defence.—Reuter.

GOVERNMENT COMPLETE MASTER OF SITUATION.

LONDON, May 12.

Warsaw.—As a result of recent agitation some detachments of troops from the region of Rembertow refused to obey Government orders. The latter have taken measures to protect the Capital and have called on the insurgents to submit. The Government claims that it is master of the situation.—Reuter.

HEAVY STREET FIGHTING.

GOVERNMENT RESIGNS.

LONDON, May 12.

Warsaw.—Precautionary measures of all kinds have been taken by the Cabinet which is sitting continuously. Government buildings, bridges, telephone stations, etc. are guarded by troops with machine-guns.

LATER.

Heavy street fighting occurred this afternoon and many were killed and wounded. Anti-Government forces have occupied the castle, the Prime Minister's residence and the Foreign Office. The Government has resigned and the President of the Republic is expected to follow suit.—Reuter.

LEAGUE OF NATIONS COUNCIL

VISCOUNT CECIL'S PROPOSAL APPROVED.

LONDON, May 12.

Geneva.—The Council of Reorganisation Committee has provisionally adopted Viscount Cecil's proposal that non-permanent members should be elected for three years assuming office immediately after election, while one-third of their number should be elected every year.

The Spanish and Brazilian delegates were the sole opposers and made reservations. Viscount Cecil said Britain was opposed to the extension of permanent members with the exception of the admission of Germany.—Reuter.

MR. ABHYANKAR'S SPEECH AT POONA.

REPORTED ROWDYISM

POONA, May 13.

Under the auspices of the Poona City Congress Committee a public meeting was held on the Reay Market grounds on Wednesday when Mr. Abhyanker of Nagpur addressed the meeting and Mr. Wamanrao Joshi presided. Mr. Abhyankar at the outset deplored the sad fate of the Swarajists' meeting held under his presidentship in the Aryabhushan Theatre and threw all the blame on the audience. He said that in India the Swarajists were the only patriots because they were ever ready to sacrifice life and wealth for the motherland. Responsivists were only after offices and money. They had made common cause with the Liberals who supported the Government in promulgating the Ordinance and sending thousands of patriots to jails. Mr. Abhyankar read many passages in support of his views from nationalist papers and asked the audience if they were not with him. He was heckled continuously and his speech was incessantly interrupted by vollies of questions. Feelings ran high at the meeting. There were a few scuffles on the outskirts of the meeting. When the meeting dispersed one gentleman who had put questions to the speaker was severely belaboured by the partisans of the orthodox Swarajists.—Free Press of India.

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT.

LONDON, May 12.

The House of Commons by 221 votes to 65 passed the second reading of the Merchandise Marks Act which Sir P. Cunliffe-Lister defined as enabling the purchaser to know whether he was buying British products, British agricultural produce and Empire produce.

Mr. Sidney Webb moved the rejection on the ground that the bill would create obstacles to the importation of certain classes of goods, increase prices and encourage monopolies.—Reuter's Special.

"NORGE" CROSSES THE POLE.

LONDON, May 12.

Oslo.—The Norge crossed the North Pole at two in the morning. Flying conditions were excellent.—Reuter.

ROYAL AIR FORCE FLIERS.

NAIROBI, May 12.

The Royal Air Force fliers have arrived at Nairobi. They will probably leave on Saturday, as weather conditions are now bad.—Reuter.

GERMAN MONARCHIST CONSPIRACY

UNEARTHED IN BERLIN

PLANS FOR OVERTHROW OF REPUBLIC

LONDON, May 12.

Berlin.—Overthrow of the Republic and the Government, a concentrated attack on Berlin, the establishment of a "Reichs Administrator" with full authority to dissolve all Federal and State Parliaments and political parties, were among the objects of a plot unearthed by the Berlin police after search of private houses and leaders of so-called patriotic associations and clubs.

"PLAN OF REVOLUTION."

The police discoveries included the mobilisation of a plan for an attack on the Capital and also of a political programme which provided "inter alia" the voluntary resignation of Von Hindenburg and the abolition of constitution. The property of the dissolved political parties was to be confiscated; strikes and lock-outs were to be prohibited under the penalty of death; the property of all Jews in Germany was to be confiscated and all Republican leaders were to be banished.

In consequence of the disclosures the Prussian Government has issued a decree ordering dissolution of the extremist sporting clubs, Werwolf Viking and Olympia. The president of Olympia, ex-Colonel Von Luck, has been arrested.

EX-KAISER'S THANKS.

The confiscated documents show that Geheimrat, class leader of the pan-German League, has been in touch with Bavarian monarchist leaders and that it has also written to the ex-Kaiser communicating him efforts for the restoration of the Hohenzollern Empire in a liberated and purified Fatherland. The ex-Kaiser replied thanking and sending his photograph.—Reuter.

PERSONNEL OF REVOLUTIONARY GOVERNMENT.

The names of those who were to assume control when the nationalist dictatorship was established in Germany were found among the correspondence seized. Dr. Neumann, the Burgomaster of Leubeck, was to be Chancellor; Hugemberg, Germany's newspaper king, Finance Minister; and General Von Moehl, Minister of Defence. Death penalty was to be imposed for every offence against the new regime and martial law to be declared throughout the country.

The nationalist journalists ridicule the alleged plot.

CAUSE OF CRISIS.

DIFFERENCE OF OPINION OVER NATIONAL FLAG.

LONDON, May 12.

Berlin.—The controversy over the recent election in respect of the national flag led to the Reichstag by 176 votes to 146 (103 remaining neutral) passing a vote of no-confidence in Dr. Luther.

The criticism was due to Von Hindenburg with the approval of the Government decreeing that German embassies and Consulates in European and Overseas ports should henceforth hoist together with the Republican flag a merchant flag in the form of the old Monarchist colours with the republican colours in a corner.—Reuer.

MUSLIM BOYS AS HINDU GODS

DRAMATICE PERFORMANCE AT YEOTMAL.

YEOTMAL, May 12.

The knowledge of three Mahomedan lads acting the parts of Hindu gods on the stage of a Hindu dramatic company which is performing here to the wonderment of the puble is calculated to impart a certain humour in the midst of tense atmosphere at present prevailing amongst the Hindus and Mahomedans almost over the whole of the peninsula.

The notable features of the company are that it is manned exclusively with tender boys whose ages range between 5 and 12 and that the three Mahomedan boys so identify themselves with the parts they act as to entirely forget themselves. Their acting, gestures and Marathi pronunciation which is considered to be marvellous elicited repeated applause from the appreciative Hindu spectators.—A.P.

DUTCH SEAMEN UNDER ARREST.

ALLEGED FIRING AT "COOLIES".

CALCUTTA, May 11.

Four Dutch seamen were taken into custody last night on charges of attempted murder and causing hurt. The allegation were that after outing in town the men returned in a taxi to Kidderpore docks at midnight. While paying hire a disagreement appeared to have arisen and within a few minutes a large number of coolies assembled. The sailors, it is said, who were apparently under the impression that they would fare badly at the hands of the coolies ran towards their ship, and while doing so, pelted the crowd with brickbats and pieces of manganese ore a stock of which was handy, and badly injured one of the coolies.

The seamen, it is stated, were chased right up to their steamer and on getting aboard, some shots were fired in the course of which a coolie was shot through the thigh and another in the right ankle. Four men were taken into custody, but on their belongings being searched no weapons were found.—A. P.

COLOUR BAR BILL PASSED

RESTRICTION OF "NATIVES'" RIGHTS

VOTING ON STRICTLY PARTY LINES

CAPE TOWN, May 13.

A joint session of the Senate and the Assembly by 83 votes to 67 has adopted the Colour Bar Bill, which restricts the sphere of the labour of the natives and coloured population to certain skilled trades, after a most acrimonious debate.

The voting was strictly on party lines.—Reuter.

PREJUDICIAL TO INDIANS' INTERESTS

The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association has sent the following telegram to the Government of India:—

The latest news from South Africa that the Colour Bar Bill has been passed by the joint session of the two Houses is alarming, and is calculated to nullify the excellent effect of compromise re the Asiatic Bill. The Council of the Imperial Indian Citizenship Association understood that the compromise would include all pending legislation prejudicial to Indians, and that the round table conference would be a means of settling all outstanding questions on a just and uniform principle. The Council begs that the Government of India may urge this view upon the Union Government and press the Governor-General to withhold assent to the Bill or reserve it for His Majesty's pleasure. The matter is very serious, and the Council trusts that the Government has already taken action.

GANDHIJI IN BOMBAY.

ON HIS WAY TO SEE GOVERNOR AT MAHABLESHWAR.

AHMEDABAD, May 12.

Mr. Gandhi is leaving to-night for Bombay by the Gujrat mail. He will stay there for two days to see his son Deodas Gandhi who has undergone an operation for appendicitis. He will leave Bombay on Monday night and reach Mahableshwar on Tuesday morning, where he will visit his Excellency the Acting Governor in connection with the Agricultural Commission. He will stay with the Hon. Sir C. V. Mehta, Member of the Executive Council, at Mahableshwar.

Hon. Mr. V. J. Patel arrived here this morning.—A. P.

COMMUNAL ILL-FEELING IN ALLAHABAD.

MAGISTRATE'S ORDER

ALLAHABAD, May 13.

The District Magistrate, Allahabad has issued the following order:—

Whereas owing to the recent increase of the Hindu-Muslim ill-feeling and consequent attacks of blind panic among the residents of the City Bazar there is a danger of riot, it is hereby ordered under Section 144 Criminal Procedure Code for the sake of public peace until further notice no person shall carry any lathi more than 3 feet long and 3 inches in circumference or any other weapon real or imitation within boundaries of the Kotwali and Muthiganji police circles. The public are further warned that any one one who makes, publishes or circulates any statement or rumour tended to cause public alarm or to incite one community against the other renders himself liable to two year's rigorous imprisonment under Section 505 I. P. C.—A. P.

A WORLD TOURIST IN INDIA.

MADRAS, May 12.

M. Victor Mussik, the Czechoslovakian journalist who has walked through the whole of North Africa is now in Madras on a world tour. He is connected with the "Prague Illustrated Reporter" and is a member of the International Confederation of Students. He has visited Northern India and crossed the Himalayas to Tibet. M. Mussik proposes visiting the famous South Indan temples and will then go to the Nilgiris to see the Todas there.—A. P.

DEPUTY MAYOR OF CALCUTTA.

CALCUTTA, May 12.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Deputy Mayor, who has been asked to resign by the majority of the members of the Calcutta Corporation did not attend today's meeting of the Corporation.—A. P.

FRESH MEMBERS OF NATIONALIST PARTY

ALLAHABAD, May 13.

Sir P. S. Sivaswamy Aiyer, Dewan Bahadur T. Rangacharlar, Mr. N. C. Kelkar, Kazi Kabiruddin and Mr. P. K. Telang have joined the Indian National Party.—A. P.

The draft of the Agra University Bill, says the "Pioneer," has been returned from the Government of India to United Provinces Government and will probably be introduced during the monsoon session of U. P. Legislative Council some time in July.

QUESTION OF MUSIC

SANGATHAN MISUNDERSTOOD

PANDIT MALVIYA'S COMPLAINT

DELHI, May 13.

Addressing a large gathering in the compound of the Hindu College yesterday evening, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya pleaded for cool headedness among Hindus and Mussalmans of India. He deeply deplored the recent Calcutta riots and asked of the members of both communities whether the cause of Islam or of Hinduism had been furthered by the sacrifice of numerous innocent lives and the loss of property sustained by unfortunate persons in Calcutta. Panditji regretted that the "Sangathan" and "Shuddhi" movements and the constitution of 'mahabir dals" had been misrepresented by several Moslem leaders at the recent Khilafat Conference. The Sangathan meant uniting together and social and religious reform among Hindus. The thought of agression was foreign to the spirit of the "sangathan" movement but they must exercise the right of private defence. The "mahabir dals" were constituted to report the womanhood of every caste and creed and protect themselves and their neighbours from unlawful and unprovoked assaults. Conversion was the right of Hinduism as much as it was of Christianity and Islam.

MUSIC BEFORE MOSQUES.

Touching the question of music before mosques Pandit Malaviya said that musical processions had passed before every mosque in the past and were not resented by Mussalmans. In the city of Delhi itself processions accompanied by music used to pass by every mosque and Government officials must bear testimony to it. The solution of this problem lay in the continuance of long established customs of each community. He prescribed the constitution of representative bodies in every "mohalla" consisting of members of all communities to allay communal troubles. A great deal of responsibility lay on Government officials to consult on such occasions responsible leaders of both communities and notify their decision beforehand.

Concluding the Pandit exhorted the Hindu writers and speakers to exercise reasonable restraint in expressing their opinions on communal questions.—A.P.

EDUCATION IN AHMEDABAD.

EFFORTS TO REMOVE ILLITERACY

AHMEDABAD, May 12.

The Chairman of the School Board, Ahmedabad, Municipality, has submitted the annual administration report for the year 1925-26, to the President, Ahmedabad Municipality. The report states that School Board held 22 meetings and disposed of 924 items of business during the year under report. There are 90 schools with 14926 pupils as against 14509 pupils last year. The number of teachers is 604. The percentage of pupils in schools, to the population of the city is, 5.4 Primary education was made free in all municipal schools from 1-10-1922

The report states:—"With a view to remove illiteracy from the city of Ahmedabad, the Ahmedabad Municipality, on the recommendation of the Board, has already declared its intention to introdnce free and compulsory education within the municipal area by its resolution of 7th July 1925, and the complete scheme of compulsory education was submitted to Government in October 1925. It, however, regret to state that though more than six months have elapsed since the Municipality has submitted its scheme of compulsory education, nothing is as yet heard from Government in the matter. The school Board had anticipated Government sanction in January or in February at the latest, and it had hoped to introduce compulsory education from the beginning of the year 1926-27. The Chairman then states that administration of Municipal schools is handicapped by a series of important correspondence with the Government being undisposed of for months and months, and sometimes "for years together." During the year under report the Board has considered the question of physical education of students by appointing a sub-committee, whose report is ready and will shortly be submitted to the Municipality. The Board has also introduced spinning in Girls' schools. The school Board has spent Rs. 3,91,748.3.11 on education during the year under report. Free Press of India.

KARACHI ELECTRICITY BOYCOTT.

KARACHI, May 13

After six weeks the Karachi electricity boycott campaign which had not abated in spite of hot weather found a new strong supporter in the Municipality. The latter passed a unanimous resolution last evening that unless the Electric Corporation reduced its charges to the original level of six annas per unit within thirty days, it would disconnect all Municipal markets, halls, schools and offices, only street-lighting being allowed. The military authorities have intimated the Electric Corporation they were unable to pay the enhanced rate of 7 1/2 annas and have also threatened disconnection. It is estimated that the company has lost Rs. 15,000 in April owing to boycott and reduced consumption. Negotiations may shortly be initiated to bring about a compromise with the Consumers' Association led by Swami Govindanand specially after the Municipality's threat.—Free Press of India.

"NOT AT END OF TROUBLE."

(Continued from previous page).

which the fortunes of its citizens depend. As I said in the House of Commons this afternoon it is of the utmost importance, that the whole of the British people should not look backwards but forwards and resume our work in the spirit of co-operation and goodwill."

GOVERNMENT'S APPEAL FOR CO-OPERATION.

LONDON, May 12.

Government has issued a statement that while it has no power to compel employers to reinstate the strikers, it draws attention to Mr. Baldwin's wish expressed by him in the House of Commons that "We should resume work in a spirit of co-operation, putting behind us all malice and all vindictiveness." Trades Unions are recommended to confer with the Employers' Associations with a view to reaching a satisfactory agreement.

MINOR CONDITIONS.

The minor conditions laid down at the end of the memorandum provide that agreement should firstly, if practicable, be on simpler lines than hitherto. secondly it should in no way adversely affect wages of lower-paid men; thirdly it should fix a reasonable minimum; fourthly any new adjustment should be revised by the wages Board from time to time f facts warrant the course; fifthly, measures should be adopted to prevent the recruitment of new workers over the age of eighteen into the industry if unemployed miners are available; and sixthly the workers displaced in consequence of the closing of uneconomic collieries should be provided for by the transfer of mobile men with Government assistance and temporary maintenance of men who cannot be transferred and for whom alternative employment is not available.—Reuter.

SIR HERBERT SAMUEL'S INTERVENTION.

BASIS FOR RENEWAL OF NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, May 12.

The cancellation of the strike was largely due to the intervention of Sir Herbert Samuel who, following conversations with the Trade Union Congress, wrote a letter to-day formulating conclusions he had reached, but emphasising that he was acting entirely on his own initiative. He had not received authority from Government and was unable to give an assurance on their behalf, but he expressed the opinion that the proposals embodied in the memorandum were suitable for adoption and likely to promote a settlement of differences in the coal industry. He promised strongly to recommend to Government its acceptance when negotiations were renewed.

Mr. Pugh replied concurring that the memorandum offered a basis for the renewel of negotiations and stated that the necessary measures were being taken to terminate the general strike, replying on the Premier's published assurances regarding steps that would follow and assuming that during the resumed negotiations the subsidy would be renewed and lockout notices to the miners immediately withdrawn.—Reuter.

SIR HERBERT'S PROPOSALS.

Sir Herbert Samuel's memorandum provided firstly that the negotiations regarding conditions of the coal industry should be resumed and the subsidy renewed for a reasonable period; secondly that the negotiations were not likely to be successful unless means were provided of settling disputes in the industry other than by conferences of miners and owners alone, and consequently a National Wages Board should be established, including representatives of two parties with a neutral element and an independent chairman; thirdly parties to the Board should be entitled to raise any points considered relevant; and fourthly there should be no revision of the previous wages rates unless there were sufficient assurances that measures for reorganisation which the Commission had proposed would be effectively adopted.

CANCELLATION ABSOLUTELY UNCONDITIONAL.

Reuter learns that the cancellation of the strike was absolutely unconditional and the attitude of the miners or its effect upon them was not mentioned at this morning's meeting between the Premier and the Trade Union Congress.

CABINET MEETING.

The Cabinet met this afternoon and adjourned till to-morrow. The Cabinet has not seen Sir Herbert Samuel's memorandum and will begin consideration of the matter to-morrow unhampered by any pledge or understanding, though consideration will (doubtless include Sir Herbert Samuel's memorandum.

STATE OF EMERGENCY.

The proclamation of a state of emergency remains in force.—Reuter.

RENEWAL OF SUBSIDY PENDING NEGOTIATIONS.

LONDON, May 13.

Sir Herbert Samuel, interviewed by Reuter, said he believed that if the Miners' Federation consented to the proposed basis Government would be fully justified in renewing the subsidy pending negotiations. Miners could restart and negotiations be resumed. That was the immediate object to be obtained and the matter at the present stage rested entirely with the Miners' Federation.

Mr. Cook declared that as far as the miners were concerned they stood where they were. The Delegate Conference was being called on May 14th to hear the full report on the situation and decide on future action.—Reuter.

MINERS TO CONTINUE STRIKE.

EXECUTIVE REJECTS T. U. C. SETTLEMENT.

LONDON, May 12.

Mr. A. J. Cook, Miners' Secretary, announces that the Miners' Executive yesterday rejected the draft-terms of settlement submitted by the Trade Union Congress after meeting Sir Herbert Samuel. The Miners' Federation was not consulted with regard to the proposals which imply reductions in wages of many mine workers. The Federation did not participate in yesterday's discussions.

Mr. Cook adds that Trade Union Congress's decision to-day to call off the general strike was taken without consulting the Federation. The matter must be referred to the Miners. Meanwhile, miners' stoppage will continue indefinitely.—Reuter.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES AT DONCASTER.

MOB HOLDS UP TRAFFIC.

LONDON, May 12.

Appparently the miners' disappointment at the calling off of the general strike was the cause of serious disturbances at Doncaster, as a result of which over 80 miners have been arrested. A mob of 200 miners held up road traffic, wrecked a newspaper van, tore up the newspapers and looted motor lorries. A strong force of police was sent up in motor buses and charged the crowd with batons. Mounted police reinforced the police and dispersed the crowd.

NOT IN FAVOUR OF STRIKE.

The result of the ballot of the Sailors and Firemens' Union on the subject of joining the general strike has been announced and is as follows:—In favour of strike 2,199. Against strike 4,726.—Reuter.

Refusals by strikers to resume work are reported; for example, at Hull the Transport Workers and Railwaymen have decided to continue on strike until reinstatement of every man is guaranteed.

A similar decision was taken at a mass meeting of Sheffield Railwaymen.

DISTURBANCE AT POPLAR.

Over forty persons were injured at Poplar where dock workers were disgruntled at the news that the strike had been cancelled and a huge crowd assembled in the vicinity of the Union offices and became so threatening that mounted and foot police were obliged to charge. All was quiet by eleven.—Reuter.

STRIKERS DISINCLINED TO RESUME

LONDON, May 13.

An early survey of the situation in London reveals very small change. Very few strikers have returned. Emergency services of trains and buses are still operating and a scramble of workers to reach the places of their business is proceeding.

Newspapers are still appearing in an attenuated form. Apart from dissatisfaction of the miners at the cancellation of the general strike there is the refusal of numerous railwaymen and transport workers to resume work. Sevearl days will be required for the normal life of the country to recover from the dislocation of the past ten days. Thorough inspection of the permanent way, the polling stock and the signalling system of railways is needed.

The important question of the re-engagement of strikers is likewise pregnant with difficulties, at least one railway announcing that the number of the staff it will be able to employ will materially be reduced. A further problem that will probably arise is the railwaymen's wages. The companies in October, 1925, asked the Railway Rates Tribunal to reduce men's wages. The Tribunal refused the application in the case of men already serving, but provided a lower scale for the new entrants. The point that will now be discussed is whether the railway strikers by breaking their contracts have automatically quitted service, and, therefore, may ve re-engaged on a lower scale. —Reuter.

RAILWAYMEN STILL OUT

LONDON, May 13.

The Transport Workers' Union has decided to respond to Mr. Baldwin's appeal, and advised its members to make satisfactory arrangements with the employers to secure a speedy resumption of public services and industries, but reports from London and provinces indicate a general disinclination to resume work. The railwaymen are still out. Mass meetings at various centres passed resolutions declining to resume, on the companies' conditions.

Meetings of all the trades affected at Southampton and Liverpool passed resolutions not to return to work without guarantees against victimisation. Printers are still out though the headquarters of the Printers' Union told the proprietors of both the newspaper and the general printing trade that men were ready to return.

When the railwaymen of Stratford works of London and North-Eastern Railway arrived in great numbers this morning, to resume work they were confronted with the following notice:—"Arrangements are being made to re-open works as early as possible to men whose services are required. Such will be notified by post and other means."—Reuter.

NOT AT END OF TROUBLE

LONDON, May 12.

In the House of Lords announcing the In the House of Lords announcing "great news" Lord Salisbury said there was no note of triumph in his voice and hoped there would be no note of triumph elsewhere. The British people had asserted themselves and returned to the path of legality. The Government would resume the role of a mediator in the efforts to produce peace in the coal industry without the least delay.

Lord Asquith agreed that it was not a moment for recrimination or exultation and declared that all classes of community felt gratitude for and satisfaction at the constancy, patience, good temper and self-sacrifice exhibited in all quarters but he uttered a warning that we were not yet at the end of our troubles in this matter. Exercise of those qualities would be still required in full measure for weeks ahead.—Reuter.

LABOUR CONFIDENT OF SUCCESS.

LONDON. May 12.

Announcing the termination of strike the "British Worker" says that the movement came out to ensure fair deal to the miners. They are satisfied that it can now be achieved.—Reuter.

LONDON NEWSPAPERS.

LONDON, May 12.

The Newspaper Proprietors' Association has decided that it will not re-engage any staff who are on strike at noon to-day until the Association has considered the terms of such reengagement. In consequence of the foregoing it is problematical whether newspapers in London will publish to-morrow.—Reuter's Special.

NATIONAL POLICE FUND

The "Daily Telegraph" in a leader says never again must the country be subjected to the experiences from which thanks to the cool and steadfast temper of the British public, it has just triumphantly emerged. The general strike was a gigantic and criminal folly and a senseless waste.

If it had not been called off yesterday there would in a few days have been no strike to call off and only sporadic and isolated bodies of strikers whose fellows had prudently resumed work.

The "Times expresses the opinion that the general strike has not mitigated incalculable waste for all classes while the Trade Unionism has been shaken to its foundations by the discovery that no contract with the Trade Union is worth the paper on which it is written. The paper adds that unless the Unions set their own house in order there is no hope of future peace and confidence for business in the land. It concludes by saying that the general strike proved a decisive failure as an attempt to paralyse the nation. The victory has been won under the Government's determined and efficient leadersip by the splendid courage and self-sacrifiie of the nation itself. The "Times" is opening a national police fund as a recognition of the magnificient spirit in which the police carried out their duties in the recent crisis —Reuter.

FRENCH PRESS COMMENTS.

LONDON, May 12.

Paris.—Crowds eagerly bought the first editions of evening papers announcing the end of the strike in Britain.

The "Intransigeant" rejoices that the British Government has "won the match." It says if the workers had approved and desired a general strike. Government forces would have been engulfed, but the exact opposite happened

The news was received in British circles with profound relief and exclamations of "what victory for Government."—Reuter.

Paris.—The calling off the strike in Britain, which has been followed with intense interest here has created sensation, and is the chief topic of conversation. The franc fell slightly.

The evening papers comment briefly on the end of the strike.

The "Journal des Debats" says it is a great success for the British Government and for the cause of order generally."

The "Liberte" calls it a "slashing defeat for Socialism" and adds that outsiders are chiefly struck by the resistance of the British people and the energy of the British Government.

Paris.—Nearly all newspapers comment on the termination of the strike.

The "Figaro" congratulates the British on passing through a "terrible crisis" without bloodshed.

The "Echo de Paris" says that the British social order has emerged from an ordeal triumphant, and the subversive elements throughout Europe have had a set-back. The paper specially eulogises Mr. Baldwin.

The "Ere Nouvelle" declares that the British Government acted not as a strike-breaker but as the destroyer of a civil war, and adds that if the social order in Britain had been unable to cope with the danger the whole cause of law and order in Europe would have been jeopardised.—Reuter's Special.

DUTCH PRESS SATISFACTION.

LONDON, May 12.

Copenhagen.—The Danish newspapers are unanimous in expressing their satisfaction at the end of the strike. They are of opinion that it will be realised all the world over that what is being destroyed is more valuable than anything that can be obtained by either party.—Reuter's Special.

PROLONGED CABINET DELIBERATIONS

LONDON, May 12.

(The following messages were despatched before the announcement that the general strike has been called off.)

The impresston is gaining ground that the strike will be called off this week, following yesterday's prolonged deliberations within the Cabinet, the parliamentary labour party and the T. U. C. If a suitable basis is found for reopening negotiations between coal-owners and miners, there seems to be no reason for maintaining the strike. That the Government's attitude has not changed and that the withdrawal of the strike will be insisted was confirmed by Sir Herbert Samuel who has been in contact with miners and owners.

"THE STRIKE HAS FAILED."

"The Times" in a leader says that the strike has failed and the nation thrown back upon itself is finding means of self-preservation. The resolve and resource of the community directed by Government is proving fully sufficient. The public is quick to realise that the state of transport could be accepted as a barometer of the strike's success or failure.

A QUIET DAY.

The Home Office reports received from all over the country state that the position yesterday was quieter than on any previous day of the strike. Government's energetic protective measures and promot and severe police court action has been a restraining influence. Responsible Trade Union leaders have suppressed tendencies to rowdyism. There have been more defections from the ranks of the strikers but the deadlock continues.

A RIOTOUS CROWD.

A large crowd at Limehouse this morning tried to interfere with a lorry loaded with fish and stones and bottles were thrown. The crowd was dispersed by foot and mounted police. A man has been arrested and sentenced to three months' hard labour

CALCUTTA PRESS COMMENTS:

CALCUTTA, May 13.

Commenting on the end of the general strike the "Statesman" says:—"The one great lesson that has emerged is that a so-called general strike is an impossibility when the stable forces of the community are rallied to meet the threa."

The "Englishman" writes:—"The "end of the strike marks a surrender of the strike leaders."—A. P.

DANISH AVIATOR'S FLIGHT

AGRA, May 13.

The Danish aviator Lt. Herschand arrivto-day for Karachi. He said the journey was bumpy owing to storm and rain. The landing was perfect. The aviators were met by Mr. Nevill, Collector of Agra, Mrs. Nevill and many military officers.—A. P.

AG, CHIEF JUSTICE OF MADRAS

MADRAS, May 13.

It is understood that as the Chief Justice of the Madras High Court, Sir Coutts Trotter, has taken one month's leave in continuation of the summer vacation and that as Justice Spencer and Phillips have also taken leave Sir C. V. Kumaraswami Sastry will act as Chief Justice, Madras High Court, until Sir Coutts Trotter reurns.—A. P.

OFFICIAL & PERSONAL.

Lieut. General Sir Harold Walker and Major General E. F. Orton arrived at Government House, Mahableshwar, on Wednesday, the 12th May.

Mr. C. G. Adam dined at Government House, Mahableshwar, on Wednesday the 12th May.

CABLE ITEMS.

Athens.—The "Orient" Liner the "Otranto" which has been on a pleasure cruise in the Mediterranean with 500 passengers struck a rock near Cape Matapan and damaged her bows. It reached Piraeus on its own steam and landed passengers there. The vessel is unable to continue on its cruise.

A Manila message says:—The Spanish aviators departed from Aparri at 7.55 and arrived at Manila at 11-30 on Thursday morning.

MRS. NAIDU AT CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, May 13.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu arrived here this morning from Bombay. She leaves for Dacca to-morrow to preside over the District Conference.—A. P.

ALLEGED DEFILING OF IMAGES

CALCUTTA, May 13.

News reached Mymensingh that on the night of 7th instant, images of Kali and Mahamaya at the village of Trishall Bazaar and that of Kali at Goppara, an adjoining village, were defiled.

Another image of Kali at Mouzati village adjacent to Muktagacha has been destrayed, and it is reported that "harisankirtan" had to be stoppped at a private house in a village near Muktagacha for fear of molestation.—A. P.

HINDU MUSLIM ILL-FEELING.

A GOVERNMENT WARNING.

CALCUTTA, May 12.

The following communique is issued:—Government have recently published instances of false rumours which have caused alarm in the mofussil. Further instances are reported by the District Magistrate of Bogra. A report that Hindus had imported a large number of Sikhs to attack Mahomedans was found to have no other basis than the appearance of some Sannyasis who had come to the town to beg. The District Magistrate received a telegram from the Calcutta manager of a Zamindar asking him to protect his *katibari* which was about to be looted by Mahomedans. It was found that the local Naib had sent a telegram to the Calcutta manager on no other ground than because he had become nervous from reading in the newspapers about attacks in other places.

From one village a petition was sent to the Sub-Division Magistrate declaring that a meeting had been held in a Mahomedan's house at which it was planned to loot Hindu houses and *kaliba i.* The complaint was discovered to have no foundation and to have been instigated by the landlord of the Mahomedan who was engaged in litigation with him. The petition created an alarm and a rumour of a fight betwen Hindus and Mahomedans which had never taken place at all.—A. P.

POSSESSION OF UNLICENSED ARMS.

A CALCUTTA HINDU ARRESTED.

CALCUTTA, May 12.

As sequal to the recent riots, charges under Section 19 F of the Arms Act and Section 336 Indian Penal Code were framed to-day by H. G. S. Bivar, Additional Presidency Magistrate, against Nanna Sing, an employee of a Marwari firm of Burrabazar. The accused was alleged to have been in possession of a double barrelled gun without license and to have fired it in Harrison Road on 15th April damaging a portion of the wall of a building.—A.P.

DR. KITCHLEW ON ALL PARTY MUSLIM CONFERENCE.

CALCUTTA, May 13.

Dr. Kitchlew has sent the following telegram to Maulana Shaukat Ali, President, Khilafat Conference Delhi:—

"Calcutta situation is deep-rooted and far-reaching. Must serve as an eye-opener to Mussalmans. I suggest holding an all-Party Muslim Conference immediately to settle mutual, personal and party differences and seriously consider the Muslim position. United action is absolutely necessary."—Free Press of India.

EMERGENCY BILL.

ATTITUDE OF SWARAJISTS & LIBERALS

CALCUTTA, May 13.

Lord Lytton returned from Simla this morning.

It is possible that the members of the Swaraj party will attend Monday's meeting of the Bengal Council in order to oppose the Emergency Bill to be introduced by the Government. The leader of the Party, has, it is understood, sought the advice of the All-India Congress Committee on the matter. The Liberal Party members however are mostly agreed that the introduction of the Bill should not be opposed, but efforts will be made to effect amendments.—A. P.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE'S APPROVAL.

MR. SEN GUPTA'S MANIFESTO.

CALCUTTA, May 13.

Mr. J. M. Sen Gupta, leader of the Bengal Swaraj Party and president of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee desires all members of the special committee, appointed at the Cawnpore Congress for the special purpose of giving permission to the members of the Swaraj Party to attend any meeting of a provincial legislature for some special and unforeseen reason, to intimate by telegram to Mr. Sen Gupta, their approval of the proposal of the Bengal members of the Swaraj Party to attend the meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council on May 17, for the purpose of opposing the Emergency Bill, which, he thinks is a serious encroachment upon the rights and liberties of the subjects. This way of getting approval of the members of the Special Committee, he adds, has been approved by Mrs. Sarojini Naidu and Pt. Motilal Nehru, as there is hardly any time left to call a meeting of the special committee.—Free Press.

DESECRATION OF TEMPLES.

CALCUTTA, May 12.

Owing to successive cases of temple desecration, Mahomedan and Hindu constables were detailed to guard the mosques and temples respectively at Feni. Information reached here to-day that a Mahomedan with two packets containing nightsoil in hand was caught red-handed by a Mahomedan constable on duty, who found him loitering in the vicinity of Kali's temple with the evident intention of defiling it. The accused was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment by the Sub-Divisional Officer of Feni.—A. P.

"I SHALL PRAY FOR SWARAJ".

MAULANA MAHOMED ALI ON COMMUNAL QUARRELS.

Interviewed by an Associated Press representative prior to the departure of the Central Khilafat Committee Deputation to the Hedjaz, Maulana Mahomed Ali gave a statement. After reiterating his strong disapproval of the failure of Hindu leaders to rebuke mischief-makers among them, the Maulana said,

"For three years we kept silent except for occasional warning given to such mischief-makers among Hindus. All our rebukes were reserved for members of our own community, but the mischief-making of a large number of Arya Samajists and the protagonists of Hindu Mahasabha has gone beyond bounds and the fear was that if we maintained silence any longer Muslims too would get entirely out of hand, and there would be bloody struggle in the country much worse than what we have seen in Calcutta.

DECISIONS OF KHILAFAT CONFERENCE.

The Khilafat Conference at Delhi has invited the entire Muslim community to accept it as their one organisation for the satisfaction of every communal need, hoping that once all Muslims came under the banner of the Khilafat organisation there would be no sporadic fighting, but an organised movement for reform within the community, which would solidify it and make it not only invulnerable but also difficult to attack. Temporary defence cannot be avoided if the aggression of the Hindu Sabha continues, but what the Khilafat Conference has done is to point out to Muslims that the best remedy for their sufferings is to revert to Tanzeem of 1300 years ago, in which congregational prayer in mosques, self-purification by fasting, almsgiving in an organized manner and annual conferences in the Hedjaz called Haj, formed the chief elements. That Tanzeem was so complete that nothing new need be done by Muslims to-day. They could well put on blinkers and ignoring what mischief-makers of other communities are doing, carry on the work of Islamic revival undisturbed. If the Khilafat Conference had not given this lead, Muslims were certain to adopt the same methods as the Hindu Sabha and many Arya Samajists were doing. Where such mischiefs is concerned we counsel Muslims to be only on the defensive, but their sure shield is neither this defence nor a regime of retaliation and reprisals, but the revival of Islam in all its pristine purity.

FREEDOM OF INDIA.

Had we expected any bloody struggle in India at this juncture and particularly as the result of the new orientation of the Khilafat organisation, we would not have left the shores of India as we are doing to-day. We hope and pray that by the time we return, both Bakr-id and Moharrum will have passed with the utmost peace and even amity. Besides praying for Islam I shall pray in the very holy of holies for the freedom of India and establishment of Swaraj, in which every community will equally share and for the reign of permanent peace and goodwill and hearty friendship among all communities. In return, may I ask every Indian to pray for the success of the mission on pwhich we are going to Hedjaz Islam and Swaraj are not incompatible with each other. In fact Islam postulates Swadharma and Swaraj. It is for the success of these two that we have hitherto worked and are ever willing to work.—A. P.

PROTECTION OF HINDU INTERESTS.

PT. MALAVIYA TO FORM A VEW PARTY.

LAHORE, May 12.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is expected to arrive in Lahore on May 15 when he will discuss the present communal situation with the Hindu leaders.

In this connection, it is stated that a new party to protect Hindu interests and fight the forthcoming elections on that ticket will be formed. Members of the party will have to sign a pledge to the effect that they will obey the mandate of the party on communal questions and protect the party from being inundated by anti-nationalists.

The personnel of candidates for elections will be shortly issued and it is understood, a manifesto on behalf of the party will be published on the arrival of Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya.—Free Press of India.

COMMUNAL TENSION IN JUBBULPORE.

MAHOMEDANS' PROVOCATIVE ACTION.

JUBBULPORE, May 11.

The Hindu-Muslim situation in Jubbulpore is tense. Objections are mutually taken at cow-slaughter and music before mosques. The District Magistrate has issued an order under Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code prohibiting pig or cow processions in the City, and slaughter of cows in a provocatively open mannner.

Despite this order some Mohammedans took in procession a sacrificial cow after painting it with tiger stripes. The cow was seized by the police and some of the processionists chailaned. Action against some other Mahommedans will also be taken for slaugtering a cow in the Kotwali Mosque in a mnnner provocatively open to public view.—Free Press of India.

"STATESMAN" SUED FOR DAMAGES

ALLEGED LIBEL AGAINST MR. S. C. BOSE.

CALCUTTA, May 12.

At the High Court, to-day, the application moved on behalf of Mr. Subash Chandra Bose against Messrs. Knight and Sons, proprietors of the "Statesman" Ltd., claiming Rs. 50,000 as damages for alleged libel was disposed of by Mr. Justice Buckland.

The application was that either the plaintiff be examined on commission or the hearing be adjourned till the long vacation.

Mr. Langford James, opposing the application, said that when the case was placed in the prospective list before the annual vacation of 1925 by the plaintiff, it meant that they were ready for the hearing. His plea was one of fair comment. In reply to the Court he stated that he did not agree with the suggestion that he was not taking up the plea of justification.

In delivering the judgment, his Lordship said that the plaintiff has been under detention under Regulation III since the 25th October 1924. The suit was filed on the 25th January 1925. It was placed on the prosective list and an effort made to remove the plaintiff to Calcutta proved abortive. When the suit was placed on the prospective list, his Lordship thought that the plaintiff was ready for hearing. At the time when the application was made the plaintiff was under detention, and there was no immediate chance of securing his attendance to give evidence. His Lordship was extremely loathe to deprive a man, who sought to clear his character, of the opportunity to give evidence.

Mr. James told the Court that it was never intended that there should be a plea of justification on record and under the circumstances Mr. N. Sircar, appearing for Mr. Bose, did not press to adjudicate the question raised by the application.

It was not for him, observed his Lordship, to determine at this stage whether or not the plea was of fair comment. Under the circumstance his Lordship thought that the best course would be to make no order on the application but to adjourn it till the hearing of the suit.—Free Press of India.

DERAILENEST NEAR FARIDABAD

The Divisional Transportation Superintendent (G. I. P.) wires under date, Jhansi, May 13:—

The Engine tender and seven coaches of 27 down Rawalpindi express derailed at mileage 942 between Faridabad and Tuglakabad at 7-40 hours date. No injuries to either the public or the staff. A rake has been sent from Delhi to tranship passengers of 27 down, 16 up B. B. and C. I. Bombay mail and 6 up G. I. P. Bombay mail are being diverted via Ghaziabad, Tundla and Agra, also probably five down G. I. P. Punjab Mail and 15 down B. B. and C. I. Punjab Mail, 14 up and 43 down G. I. P. passenger train will be transhipped at the site of the accident, also 11 down and 44 up. Duration of block at present uncertain but hope to clear by midnight date.—A. P.

NORMAL WORKING RESUMED

(LATER)

The Divisional Transportation Superintendent, Jhansi wires underdate 13th that normal working has been resumed. So the up G. I. P. Rawalpindi Express will be the first train over the proper route.—A. P.

DEWAN BAHADUR T. RAGHAVIAH.

Dewan Bahadur T. Raghaviah, C. S. I., retired Dewan of Travancore and now member of the Board of Revenue will leave Madras on 20th instant for Bombay en route to the Continent. Mr. Raghaviah will land at Venice and tour Italy where he will study agricultural conditions and also the progress of co-operation and then cross to Switzerland and France on his way to England where he will stay for about six weeks and study educational problems. Mr. Raghaviah will stay in Ireland for about a week and return to Madras about the middle of September.

WHEN AT

SIMLA,
MAHABLESHWAR
AND
MATHERAN

Messrs. POHLOMAL
News Agency, SIMLA,
Messrs. MAHABLESHWAR STORES & PHARMACY,
Main Steet, MAHABLESHWAR
Messrs. N. LORDS, Matheran Stores,
MATHERAN.
Will supply
DAILY and SUNDAY
"CHRONICLE"
AT ONE ANNA.

Read "CRONICLE" for News and Views.

BOMBAY TEXTILE WORKERS.

ATTEMPTS TO UNITE THEM.

The Bombay Textile Labour Union was founded on the 1st January, 1926. The Union has made a marvellous progress since its inception only a few months ago. So far the Union has come to count 8,500 members on its rolls. Though the Union has not succeeded in bringing within its purview all the mills in the city and suburbs of Bombay, it has caught hold of the majority of the mills of the city, and its activities are gradually being extended to the mills so far untouched. Within a short period of four and a half months, the Union has already established two well-organised and compact centres, one at Madanpura and the other at Kurla, the former having the strength of about 4,500 members and the latter including 2,700 members. The Union has opened a new centre at De Lisle Road, Lower Parel, and the organisers intend to open two more centres at Chinchpokli and Shivadi. The office-bearers, the propagandists and other workers, and some of the mill-workers themselves are putting in every nerve to put the Union on a sounder basis and are doing their utmost to carry home to the textile workers the dire necessity of unity and organisation.

Under the auspices of the said Union, a public meeting of the workers was held at Madanpura on the 8th instant. One of the resolutions unanimously adopted recorded the sympathy of the textile workers of Bombay with the English miners in their strike consequent upon the reduction of their wage, and expressed indignation and disgust at the inhuman attitude of the employers.

Another public meeting of the workers of the Swadeshi Mills and New Mills was held at Kurla, in the Hanuman Theatre on the 9th instant. Messrs. Bakhale, Syed Munawar and S. H. Jhabwala dwelt on the necessity of a compact organisation on the part of the textile workers. Mr. Jhabwala exhorted the workers to enrol themselves as members without any further loss of time, and warned them to beware of the tragic state they might fall in, if they did not awake from their lethargy in time. Arise, awake and unite was the only advice that he could give to the workers.

The textile workers are taking keen interest in the activities of the Union whenever they are made alive to the fact that unity alone leads to success. In spite of the tremendous and insurmountable difficulties, the organisers have every reason to be more hopeful about the future. Difficulties are many and the task is an uphill one; but sincerity of purpose and effort may pave the way for unity and organisation.

KHUDDAM-UL-HARAMAN.

WORKING COMMITTEE'S RESOLUTIONS

Mr. Mushirhusain Kidwai, General Secretary of the Khuddam-ul-Haraman, wires from Lucknow under Thursday's date:—

"The Working Committee of the Central Khuddam-ul-Haraman met on 11th and 12th inst. and approved the report submitted by its Delegation which arrived at Lucknow on the 11th after visiting the Hedjaz. Egypt and Yemen with photoes of the sacred buildings demolished; it is alleged, by the Maidis. The, Committee expressed its full appreciation of the services courageously rendered by the deputation to the cause of Islam under adverse circumstances.

It has been decided to publish the report without delay.

Another resolution was passed to the effect that Jamiat-ul-Ulema and the Khilafat Committees do not represent Indian Muslims' opinion, and are committed to Soudism; therefore the general Muslim public of India has no confidence in the deputation which have been sent to the Hedjaz, by these association, to the conference.

A well-attended mass meeting was held last night presided over by Maulana Hasrat Moheni when delegation related its personal experiences in the Hedjaz and personal observations of "Najdi Vandalism". Resolutions of the Working Committee aporeciating the services of the Deputation and want of confidence in the Delegations of the Khilafat Committee and other Jamiats were unanimously confirmed by the audience who declared their firm determination to adopt all possible means to free the Hedjaz from the Najdi control.

The Delegation left for Lahore this morning."

LUCKNOW, May 12.

The Khuddamul Harmain deputation which recently returned from its tour in Hedjaz reached Lucknow yesterday and was accorded a hearty welcome by the Central Committee of Harmain. A meeting of the working committee of Harmain was held yesterday and continued till today and this evening Sayed Habib, leader of the deputation, addressed a big public meeting. The members of the deputation along with Maulana Hasrat Mohani will tour India addressing public meetings and give their impression of Hedjaz under Nejdi control. The deputation is going to Moradabad and from there will proceed to Delhi and Lahore.—Associated Press.

A Nagpur message of Thursday's date says:—After serving his full term of two years' rigorous imprisonment. Mr. Nilkant Ghatwai, a Congress worker and ex-secretary of the Hinganghat Congress Committee, was released from jail this morning at Chindwara, Mr. Ghatwai arrives in Nagpur on Friday.—Free Press of India.

A Karachi message of Thursday's date says:—"The Danish aviator Lieut. Herchand arrived at Karachi at 1-30 today, and will leave for Bunder Abbas at down tomorrow."

A noteworthy contribution of Rs. 15,000 has been made by Babu Rameswar Nathani to Lord Lytton Islamia College Scholarship Fund, Calcutta. Thanks of the Government of Bengal have been conveyed to him for his liberality and his public spirit in making the donation.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

(THURSDAY, May 13).

The services of Mr. W. T. W. Baker, I.C.S. on return from leave, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India for employment as Judicial Commissioner in the States of Western India vice Mr. S. J. Murphy, I.C.S., proceeded on leave.

Mr. Tripurashankar Bhanshankar Bhat to act as Deputy Superintendent of Police, Kaira, vice Mr. Hiralal Motilal Almohola reverting, pending further orders.

Government Notification dated the 23rd March, 1926, granting Mr Balak Ram, I.C.S., District and Sessions Judge, Thana, leave for four months with effect from the 7th June, 1926, is cancelled.

The Reverend George Hewitt of the Indian Ecclesiastical Establishment in the Bombay Diocese has been granted leave on average pay for six months with effect from the 9th March 1926.

Mr. Mulchand Gianchand Lala to act, in addition to his own duties, as Second Grade Deputy Collector in Sind vice Mr. Muhammad Hashim Ali Muhamad Sumro proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

The leave on average pay granted to Rao Saheb R. P. Kagalwala, Acting Huzur Deputy Collector, Surat is extended by three days.

Mr. D. P. Killavala, Assistant Superintendent of Stamps, Bombay, is allowed leave on average pay for one month in continuation of the leave granted to him.

Mr. Hardasmal Udernomal, Deputy Collector in Sind, is granted, with effect from the date of relief, leave on average pay for four months on medical certificate.

Khan Saheb N. D. Dhakmarwala to do duty as Professor of Veterinary Science, Bombay Veterinary College, in the arrangements consequent upon Mr. K. Hewlett, Principal, Bombay Veterinary College, proceeding on leave.

Mr. M. Mohey-Deen, M.R.C.V.S., to act as Assistant Professor at the Bombay Veterinary College from 17th June, 1926. He will be on probation for two years and will get pay at Rs. 250 per mensem plus compensatory local allowance.

Mr. T. S. Pipe, Superintending Engineer, Forest Department, is granted leave on average pay for eight months with effect from 1st July 1926 or the subsequent date on which he may be relived.

Mr. G. N. Desai, Divisional Superintendent of Agriculture, N.D., is granted leave on average pay on medical certificate for seven days followed by leave on half average pay for five months and twenty-three days continuation of the leave granted to him.

Mr. J. Walker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, has been allowed by the High Commissioner for India an extension on half average pay for six days.

Mr. H. C. Holmes, Forest Engineer on 6th April. 1926, the Departmental examination prescribed for Forest Engineer.

Vice Mr. W. G. Roberts, Principal, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad.

(1) Mr. H. Hamill, Professor of Karnatak College, to be Principal, Professor of English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, with effect from 23rd February, and to be Principal and Professor of English Literature, Elphinstone College, Bombay, with effect from 20th June, 1926, vice A. L. Covernton whose lien is shifted to the post of Principal and Professor of English, Gujarat College, with effect from that date.

(2) Mr. B. N. Seal, Professor of Logic and English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, to be Professor of English, Karnatak College, Dharwar, vice Mr. Hamill with effect from 23rd February, 1926.

(3) Mr. R. N. Welingkar, officiating Professor of English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, to continue to officiate as Professor of English at that College with effect from 23rd February 1926 vice Mr. Hamill up to 6th June 1926 and to officiate as Professor of Logic and English at the same College with effect from 7th June, 1926 in the post vacated by Mr. Seal.

(4) Mr. Correia Afonso, temporary Professor of English, Elphinstone College Bombay, to be temporary Professor of English, Gujarat College, Ahmedabad, with effect from 20th June 1926.

(5) Mr. V. B. Divatia to continue to officiate as Principal, Gujarat College, up to 6th June, 1926, vice Mr. Hamill.

The leave granted to Captain R. H. Malone, M.D., I.M.S., acting Director, Haffkin Institute, has been extended by the High Commissioner for India, for the period of one month expiring on the 20th July 1926.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. L. Lunham, I.M.S., is granted study leave for three months in combination with leave on average pay for six months and five days and leave on half average pay for two months and twenty-five days.

Mr. M. B. Thakore, M.B., B.S., as Director, Surgical Unit, G. T. Hospital, Bombay, as a atemporary measure.

Captain R. G. Danis, I.M.S., to act as Civil Surgeon, Ahmednagar, in addition to his military duties, with effect from the 8th May 1926, vice Lieutenant-Colonel G. McPherson, C.I.E., I.M.S., pending further orders.

Mr. G. P. DeSouza Fylinto, L.M. & S., B.M.S., acting Civil Surgeon, Alibag, is granted leave on average pay for three months with effect from the date of relief by Mr. J. C. DeQuadros, L.M. & S., B.M.S., and on expiry of his leave is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Kaira.

Mr. C. T. Dhruva, L.M. & S., B.M.S., is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Kaira, until relieved by Mr. G. P. DeSouza Fylinto, L.M. & S., B.M.S.

Mr. J. C. Quadros, L.M. & S., B.M.S., acting Civil Surgeon, Kaira, is appointed to act as Civil Surgeon, Alibag.

Major A. N. Thomas, D.S.O., I.M.S., Superintendent of Mahableshwar, is granted leave on half average pay for three months and twenty days with effect from the 11th June, 1926, or date of relief.

Mr. A. K. Nayampalli, S.M.S., in subcharge of the Civil Hospital, Mahableshwar is appointed to carry on the medical work of the Superintendent in addition to his own during the absence on leave of Major Thomas.

On return from leave, Mr. V. N. Bhandikar, Officiating Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the Central Circle to the Northern Circle.

The services of the Reverend James

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 13.

Hamburg Maru, Oribara, Kobe.
Chakla, Woollatt, Karachi.

DEPARTURES.

May 14.

Trevorian, Burlace, Delagoabay.
Akbar, Wheeler, Jeddah.
Varella, Halls, Busreh.
Joypore, Britton, Kobe.

LOADING.

May 13.

Steamer Iserlohn for Hull.
Steamer Singu for Rangoon.
Steamer Kohinoor for Calcutta.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(THURSDAY, May 13.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Clan Chattan, 2500, Malabar Coast, 15/5, J Finlay and Co.
2 Rawalpindi, 9416, London, 22/5, M M and Co.
3 Tamba Maru 3553 Japan 17/5 N Y Kaisha.
5 Karroo, 3941, Colombo, 15/5, F F Campbell and Co.
6 Elysia 4211, Liverpool, 21/5 Graham's Trading Co.
7 Crostafels, 3080, Karachi, N.F., L Edwards Ltd.
8 Aquileia, 4201, Genoa, 15/5, L T & M Italiana.
9 Delta, 4739, Japan, 29/5, M M and Co.
11 City of York, 5033, Karachi, 18/5, K Nixon and Co.
12 C/Agra 3116, NF, NF, F F Campbell and Co.
13 Jeypore, 3209, Japan, 14/5, M M and Co.
14 Durenda, 4450, Karachi, U Kingdom, 15/5, M M and Co.
17 Kieldrecht, 3898, Antwerp, 14/5, Grahams Ltd. Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Swazi, 3174, Dunkirk, 14/5, K Nixon and Co.
2 Gerania, 3313, Karachi, 17/5, L Triestino and M I.
5 Portsea, 2587, Colombo, N.F., Scindia S N Co.
7 Jalarashmi, 2681, Karachi, 16/5, Scindia S N Co.
7 Ahmedi, 1331, P Gulf Ports, N.F., Hassam and Co.
9 Atlantic Maru, 4254, Japan, N.F., M M and Co. (P. and O.).
10/11 Garada, 3218, N.F., 16/5, M M and Co.
15 Bandra, 1877, P Gulf, 19/5, M M and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

B Gazana, 3191, Calcutta, 13/5, M M and Co.
D/E Nurjehan, 3379, Colombo, 14/5, T Morrison and Co.
G Oostcappelle, 348, M'Coast, 13/5, Merchant S N Co.
L Hatipara, 4893, N.F., N.F., M M and Co.
M Akbar, 2492, Jeddah, 13/5, T Morrison and Co.
Homefield, 3228, 16/5, N.F., M M and Co.
Gorjistan, 2916, Jeddah, 17/5, A Nemazee and Co.

BROWN'S AFROTONA.
(Regd.)
A GREAT INFUSER AND REJUVENATOR of the AGE

AFROTONA is proved to be a marvellous remedy for weakness and nerve diseases.

It is a boon to those suffering from Neurasthenia, Emaciation, and loss of nerve force. AFROTONA is the ideal Tonic for rebuilding weak nerve cells and wastage of the body. It enriches the blood and feeds the nerves. AFROTONA is a marvellous remedy for removing the after effects of Malaria, when other costly and so-called nerve Tonics have failed.

AFROTONA being quite harmless may be used with confidence, in cases of fagged or worn out nerves.

AFROTONA, THIS LIFE-GIVING NECTAR is prepared in the modern British Laboratories, and is a compound of the choicest and best selected drugs known to the medical profession.

AFROTONA never constipates.
Only males should use Afrotona.
50 Pills for 50 days treatment
Price Rs. 10 only.
Packing Postage Free
SOLE AGENTS for India.
A. M. THAKKAR,
CHEMISTS,
Pida Building, Juma Masjid,
BOMBAY, No. 2.

FOR
ANAEMIA,
Paludism, Tuberculosis, General Weakness due to Overwork, Pregnancy, Accouchement or After Effects of Influenza, Malaria Fever, Accidents, Operations etc.,
THE ONLY REMEDY FOR RADICAL CURE
IS
HEMOSTYL
The Wonderful Serum recently discovered by Dr. ROUSSEL of the Paris Academy of Medicine.
Incomparably more active than any other Haemoglobin Preparation in market.
RESULTS CERTAIN.
SYRUP in 10 oz. Bottles.
SERUM in Ampoules 10 c.c
From all Chemists.
SOLE AGENTS:
KAHN & KAHN,
Jehangir Wadia Buildings
Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.
Branches:—
CALCUTTA, DELHI & KARACHI.

Mother!
of course you wish to give baby a sound constitution but do you realise how much depends upon you.
Doctors, Nurses and all Authorities on Infant Welfare have proved, again and again, that the breast-fed baby is happier, healthier and stronger than the bottle-fed baby, that he has less trouble over teething; is less liable to infantile ailments and is ensured against that most terrible enemy of infant life—infantile diarrhœa. Of no less importance is the enhanced power of resistance to diseases in after life which breast-feeding builds up.
If you have been unable to feed previous babies do not despair—the power to do so is definitely yours if you take Lactagol.
This scientific preparation, which has the unqualified support of all Medical and Nursing Authorities, has enabled hundreds of thousands of mothers throughout the world to breast-feed their babies.
LACTAGOL
FOR EXPECTANT & NURSING MOTHERS
increases the flow and enriches the qualities of mother's milk and so strengthens mother herself that breast-feeding, so far from being a toil and an anxiety, becomes the real joy that Nature intended it to be. Obtainable from all Chemists.
Sole Manufacturers: E. T. PEARSON & Co. Ltd., Lactagol Laboratories, Mitcham, Surrey. Agents in India—The Anglo-French Drug Co. (Eastern) Ltd., P.O. Box No. 460 Bombay; P.O. Box No. 2139 Calcutta.

MARRIAGE EXPEDITED

Having had a daughter of marriageable age I have been passing sleepless nights through anxieties for some time. I could not settle her marriage in any place. Being disappointed I went to Mr. Hamid some time in June last year and requested him to do something for me. He gave some "TAWIZES" for use, which I did. He further gave me definite assurance that my daughter will be married within the month of July 1926. I am glad to say that his "TAWIZES" worked like miracles. The marriage ceremony of my daughter took place in a month's time (i.e. in July).
LALIT MOHAN GANGULY,
Raja Raj Ballay Street,
CALCUTTA.

If you wish to know your future definitely and correctly, if you are in despair owing to misery and chronic diseases, if you wish to see or to have a photo of your relatives dead or living abroad, consult the world-renowned Spiritualist Psychist and Occultist, either personally or by correspondence.
Rs. 5/- for answering four questions.
(FEE CAN BE INCREASED.)
Address:—HAMID,
137|11, Corporation Street, CALCUTTA.
Telephone No. 3409.

YOUR EYE
Does it trouble you? If so, try SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY, the safest, surest and most high-praised Nature's cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract etc. Literature free. Kemp & Co., or Thomas & Taylor Ltd., Bombay.

BATLIBOI'S
ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE
Offers best training in Accounting, Banking, Company Management and Secretarial Work and Theory and Practice of Commerce.
Best staff, individual attention, fee moderate and payable by instalments.
Send for Prospectus at Yusuf Buildings, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bomby.
You are invited to make thorough inquiries before joining.
Enrolments for 1927
Exams. now proceeding

DIRECT YOUR ENQUIRIES FOR
ANYTHING ELECTRICAL
TO
Reliance ELECTRIC HARDWARE Stores
ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.
VITHAL SAYANA BLDGS., LOHAR CHAWL, BOMBAY 2.

15 Years Old Firm
WILL SUPPLY ALL KINDS OF
ENGLISH MEDICINES
CHEAPEST AND FRESH ONES.
V. P. BHAT & Co.,
CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS,
Princess Street, BOMBAY 2.

BATH TUBS

Rich Porcelain Enamelled Baths; Lavatory Basins, Fancy Bath Room Fittings, Filters & Water Coolers.
Prices beyond competition
BALSARA & Co.
29, MEDOWS ST. FORT,
BOMBAY.

The Great Tonic

for those who are weak.

THE healthy manhood of India enjoy life HEY can participate in football, cricket, tennis etc., because they have the physical strength and the steady nerve which such strenuous exercise demands.

Burgoyne's Easton's Syrup

If you lack physical strength, if you are anæmic or run down, get Burgoyne's Easton's Syrup. This excellent remedy is the result of 180 years' experience. It contains properties which have quickly built up mental and physical strength for tens of thousands of people. A few bottles will make a new being of you.

Sold by Chemists, Bazaars and Dispensaries.

FROM TURKISH PAPERS.

ONE MORE STEP IN MODERNISATION.

One more step is taken in the modernisation of Turkey. A huge electric plant is to be erected which will supply power for the electrification of several branches of industry. One hundred and seventy-four thousand pounds have been budgetted to establish wireless system between Angora and Constantinople. Contract has been signed with a company of fifteen thousand five hundred pounds worth of dynamos are ordered.—"Milliet."

GREEK HIGH-HANDEDNESS.

The "Milliet" draws attention towards he Greek highhandedness in western Thrace. The Greeks are collecting funds for organising a new air squadron in western Thrace. Every Muslim family is being forced to subscribe towards this fund. Two hundred thousand dranchmas have been exacted in this way.

"IT IS MERE BLUFF."

A Druse announcement says that the talk of a fresh attack on the Druse strongholds is not expected to materialise itself. In fact it is mere bluff.

VOW OF THE DRUISES.

The continued successes of the Druises have given them courage enough to vow not to lay down arms so long as the aim is not achieved. They depend on the feeling of hatred towards the French which are quite general in Syria irrespective of creed or religion.—"Milliet."

VICTORY I'D.

The Turkish parliament has agreed to recognise thirtieth August as the day of Victory I'd. Throughout the Turkish Empire this day will be celebrated as the dawn of modern Turkey.

FULL POWERS GIVEN TO SIR RONALD LINDSAY.

It is now becoming clearer that the Mosul questions is to be solved by negotiations between Turkey and England. Our London correspondent also supports this view. The reply of the British Foreign Secretary to a question in the House of Commons also indicates the same tendency. Last night a message of Anatole Agency says that Sir Ronald Lindsay has now been given full powers to solve the Mosul question. We are informed that the English public is now becoming restless on the Near East situation and wants a speedy discision.—"Milliet"

PERSIAN REPRESENTATIVES TO HEJAZ.

Mirja Habibullah Khan left for Jeddah to negotiate on some important affairs with Sultan Ibne Saud.—"Chera Numa."

REVOLUTION & RELIGION.

"Hakemiat Millia" writes:—

One of the aims of the political revolution is to prge the politics of the Mullas who have formed a class of their own. We should move on freely with the enlightened notions of the world.

WOES OF MATHERAN.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

MATHERAN, May 10.

Matheran, one of the best hill stations, has been experiencing the dearth of visitors, though April has passed away. The reasons are three-fold. The present financial stringency that pinches the past votaries of Mammon is greatly responsible for the said dearth, the Bombayites being the chief patrons of the Hill. Till recently we were having December cold here and on the plains, too, hot weather has only recently commenced. The last and paradoxical reason is the Lee-loot which has sent away more officers this year their home. The dearth of visitors has far reaching effects on business here. The hotel-keepers, horse-owners, rickshaw-owners and the shop-keepers have hard times as much as that their business is reduced to one-third.

It is hoped that within a few days there would be influx of visitors here as the climate is now bracing and pleasant. The water-pipe works are going on in full swing and Matheran will have water supply through pipes by May 1927.

Here we have a European Gymkhana and a Parsi Gymkhana and a Cosmopolitan one is being thought of for the want of any central place or Hindu Gymkhana where Hindus can meet together. A Moon-light Gathering was arranged recently on the Khandala Point at the suggestion of Kavi Nanabil and others. Almost all Gujarati Hindus now here attended the function. After a short musical programme was gone through, the ladies had their 'garbas.' The gathering dispersed late at night after having sumptuous feast managed by the proprietor of the Luxmi Hindu Hotel.

The first All Karnataka Cow Protection Conference will hold its sittings at Venkatrow's Town Hall, Bellary, on Saturday, the 22nd instang at 5 p.m. under the presidency of Rajasabha Bhushana Karpur Srinivasa Rao, Retired Chief Engineer, Mysore.

The ceremony of unveiling the bust of the late Pallonji Shapurji, the well-known Parsi contractor of Bombay, will be performed by Mr. A. N. Surve, M.L.C., on the 16th instant at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Fort of Ratnagiri.

The 12th Session of the Bhandari Educational Conference will be held in the Fort of Ratnagiri on the 16th and 17th instant at 2 p.m. (S.T.)

Dr. R. P. Paranjpye will perform the opening ceremony of the D. N. Rane Abasahab School buildings on Sunday, the 16th instant at 4 p.m. at Naringra, Taluka Devgad.

The Danish airman Lieutenant Herschend left Dum Dum on Wednesday morning for Agra *en route* to Copenhagen where he expects to arrive on May 19th.

Skin Tortures End

And Sore Places heal when the Blood is cleansed with

Clarke's Blood Mixture

A Thankful Mother tells of her little boy's complete recovery.

Mrs. L. Williams, of 7, Lowesmoor Place, Lowesmoor, Worcester, England, writes:—"I should like to thank you for the benefit my little boy, 8 years old, has derived since taking your Clarke's Blood Mixture. Some time ago he fell and scratched his knee; within a short time the whole of the right side, including the arm, was covered with sore places the size of half-crowns; he also had three large hard lumps form in the thigh. One day after reading about Clarke's Blood Mixture, I thought I would give it a trial, and after taking it for a short time he completely recovered and has not had any kind of Skin Eruption since."

Profit by Mrs. Williams' experience and

Start Cleansing Your Blood To-day

Take it for Eczema, Rashes, Sores and Eruptions, Ulcerated Legs, Abscesses, Piles, Swollen Glands, Rheumatism and Gout.

Of all Dealers—Sole Wholesale Agents for India, Burma and Ceylon: Messrs. G. ATHERTON & Co., Calcutta and Rangoon.

Possesses more energy, muscle and bone-building powers than rice

Quaker Oats

WONDERFUL NEW LAXATIVE CURES CONSTIPATION

Never Gripes or Causes Pain.

GUARANTEED FREE FROM HARMFUL DRUGS.

EVERYBODY seems to be talking about Little Laxaliver Pills, the new vegetable Laxative medicine that is taking the place of harmful drug and purgative salts. Certainly the Pills deserve attention for they have proved invaluable in cases of Dysentery, Sick Headache, Biliousness, Morning Sickness, Coated Tongue, Foul Breath, Complexion Troubles, Spots, Pimples and a host of other ailments due to sluggish liver and a constipated condition of the bowels.

Chemists are now selling Little Laxaliver Pills at the very moderate price of 14 annas per box, and when you consider that a box contains sufficient pills to last two or three months you will certainly not delay purchasing a supply. Every member of the family will benefit by taking Little Laxaliver Pills. They never gripe or cause the least pain and their purity is guaranteed or, being machine made and packed, they are never touched by hand until they reach you in the sealed package.

Let Saturday be "Laxaliver Day" and so keep well

BOMBAY STOCKISTS:—NAROTAM GIRDHAR & Co. Jumma Masjid.

DO YOU WANT BUSINESS?

Then ADVERTISE in

"AMRITA BAZAR PATRIKA"

(ESTABLISHED 1868.)

LARGEST CIRCULATION AMONG INDIANS.
THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM
Has done its humble best for the country.

For rates Apply to the SECRETARY,

A. B. PATRIKA, Ltd.,
CALCUTTA.

FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY

Rupees **90**

Will bring you securedly packed and freight paid to your Station

WELLINGTON

All British

Gents Roadstar cycle with Dunlop Cord Tyres, B. S. A. free wheel, 2 rim brakes, mud-guards, 3 coil comfortable spring saddle rubber pedals, Lucas pathfinder oil lamp, King of bells, Dunlop plated pump, toolbag, complete set of tools, offer. Rs. 25 must be sent as advance by M. O. the balance by V.P.P.

WELLINGTON CYCLE & MOTOR CO
Hornby Road, Bombay.
& East Street Poona.

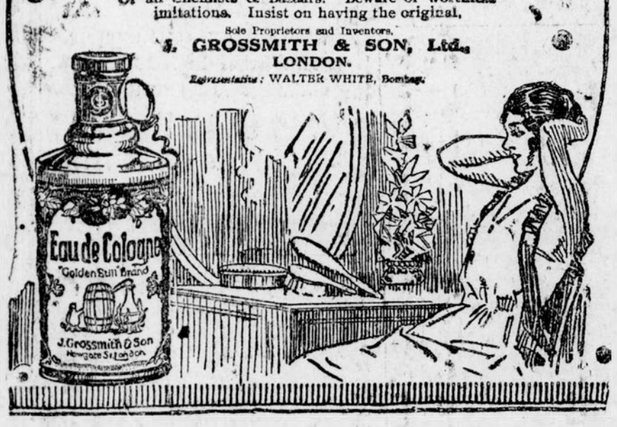
GROSSMITH'S "Golden Still" Eau de Cologne

has a wonderfully refreshing odour of invigorating quality. Don't merely ask for Eau de Cologne but Grossmith's "Golden Still" Eau de Cologne—the product of nearly a hundred years' continuous improvement. Magical in relieving headache, fatigue, or distressed nerves.

Ask also for "Golden Still" Eau-de-Cologne TOILET SOAP, BATH SOAP, BATH CRYSTALS, and TOOTH POWDER.

Of all Chemists & Bazaars. Beware of worthless imitations. Insist on having the original.

Sole Proprietors and Inventors,
J. GROSSMITH & SON, Ltd.,
LONDON.
Representative: WALTER WHITE, Bombay.



"KESARI KUTEERAM"
INDIAN CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.
MADRAS.

A Boon to Women

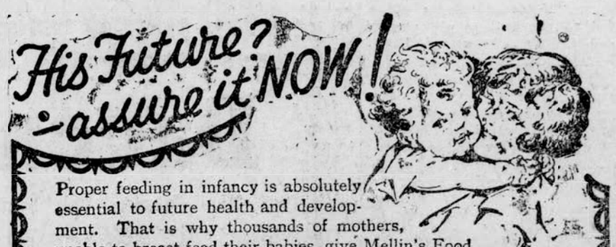
Horlick's Malted Milk gives invaluable service. It carries women successfully over the grave mental and bodily dangers of many critical periods of their lives. Horlick's strengthens the nervous and muscular systems. It makes new blood and invigorates the whole body

Made in a moment with hot or cold water

HORLICK'S THE ORIGINAL MALTED MILK IN 4 SIZES

OF ALL CHEMISTS & STORES

His Future? assure it NOW!



Proper feeding in infancy is absolutely essential to future health and development. That is why thousands of mothers, unable to breast feed their babies, give Mellin's Food. Mixed as directed it is the nearest equivalent to nature's own food and lays the foundation of a strong and healthy constitution.

Mellin's Food

THE FOOD THAT FEEDS

Obtainable of all chemists.

Send for a Sample to WILSON LATHAM & CO. LD. Bombay.

TAILORS & COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
J. Dias & Bros
173, PRINCESS ST. BOMBAY.

Palm Beach suits, complete Rs. 29/-

Silk suit complete Rs. 45/-

White office suit, Rs. 12/-

Office white trousers Rs. 4/-

Are you rheumatic?

When damp weather sets in, don't expect to be rheumatic! Guard yourself against such risk by strengthening the kidneys. Normally, rich blood circulates throughout the system, repairing and nourishing the tissues, and it is the duty of the kidneys to keep this blood pure.

Overwork, worry or changes in the weather, add to the burden. The kidneys may not be equal to the strain. They fail to filter out from the blood, uric acid and other harmful impurities, which cause backache, lumbago, sciatica and rheumatism.

Don't wait until these complaints develop. Immediately you begin to experience rheumatic twinges, urinary trouble, backache, or other sign of kidney disorder, use Doan's Backache Kidney Pills, and you will soon be well again. Better still, you can prevent kidney trouble by taking an occasional course of Doan's as a precaution.

MORE THAN 90,000 CLIENTS HAVE HAD OUR WONDERFUL FORETELLING,

Full Annual Life Reading of amazing accuracy with a wonderful delineation of life and character Re. 1. Five years' Life Reading Rs. 2/8. Postage Extra. State time and date of birth or of writing the letter. Testimonials highest. A trial order will marvellously convince you. The KALINGA ASTROLOGICAL Bureau, Vizianagaram City, B. N. Railway.

Cotton Telegraphic Information Service

ESTABLISHED UNDER THE GUIDANCE OF SHETH VERAJLAL RANCHHORDAS TARWALA.

Having had wide experience as Commission Agents for over 15 years in cotton, linseed, and bullion markets, we have now organised a special service for giving instantaneous and effective telegraphic information as to the tone and fluctuations in the important markets of the world.

We receive from our New York and Liverpool Agents hourly information of fluctuations together with the market opinion. Information as to the cotton rates of Liverpool and New York Futures and fluctuations as well as Bombay Market quotations and opinions, can be supplied immediately either by telephone or telegraph to our local and mofussil constituents.

Constituents desiring to have direct telegrams from our foreign agents should negotiate with the undersigned.

Constituents who desire to transact cotton forward business through our prompt and efficient service may write to the undersigned for deposit terms.

MANAGER.
Cotton Telegraphic Information Service,
Ismail Bldg., Hornby Rd., Fort,
BOMBAY.
Telegrams:—"COMEALING."
Telephone:—1788.

TWO PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS OF ANDHRA.

AN APPEAL FOR SUPPORT.

Sjt. Annapurniah, Editor, "Congress," Sitanagaram (Andhra) writes from Bombay, under date the 11th instant:—

I beg to introduce our weekly "Congress," and our Gautami Satyagraha Ashram of Sitanagram (Andhra) to the public, and especially to the Telugu citizens, of Bombay, and beseech their kind and generous help. I beg to submit that the Andhrayuvajana Swarajya Sabha of Rajahmundry, founded the weekly "Congress" in March 1922, just after the incarceration of Mahatma Gandhi. It was first issued in cyclostyle and after six months it was printed. The founding of a nationalist paper was too much for the Bureaucracy, who, within three months after the paper was printed, prosecuted me for sedition, and put me into jail, for a period of 18 months. But the paper had become increasingly popular every day and it was such an eyesore to the bureaucracy that they had to send my successor, Mr. K. Ramachandrarao also to jail for a period of 15 months, even while I was in prison. But the paper survived.

Later our leader Dr. B. Subrahmanyam founded in 1925, the Gautami Satyagraha Ashram at Sitanagaram, a well-known centre of nationalism in Andhra, and a model Khadi centre, as testified by the All-India Khadi Board. Mahatma Gandhi, Maulana Mahomed Ali and Sjt. C. Rajagopalachary sent their messages of good wishes to us, and our Andhra leaders, like Messrs. K. Venkatappah, K. Nageswaranrao, T. Prakasam, and B. Sambamurty visited the Ashram and gave their blessings. The Andhrayuvajana Swarajya Sabha with its organ, the "Congress" merged itself into the Ashram, whose object is to promote the well-being of the nation, by carrying on political and social work, and village propaganda with Mahatma Gandhi's constructive programme as the main plank. There are a dozen members in the Ashram, who have consecrated their lives to the cause of the Motherland, and under the able guidance of our head, Dr. B. Subrahmanyan, we have, in our own humble way, been serving the country. First and foremost, we have organised a Khadi centre in the Ashram, where we produce as well as sell pure Khaddar, and we have invested some thousands on it. Secondly, we have a free dispensary, through which we are rendering free medical aid to over a dozen villages. Thirdly, we have the Gurukul, which is training boys for national service. Fourthly, we are also conducting a free night school for the untouchable classes, which is undoubtedly attracting a decent number of Panchamas. Again, we have the Deshabandhu Library and Reading-room to which Mr. V. Venkatesawara Sastry of the Madras Municipality donated all his publications. Last but not the least there is the Gautami Press, endowed to us by the generous-hearted Nageswaranrao Pantulu of Madras, and we have the Telugu weekly "Congress" which has weathered many a storm, and survived many an onslaught of the bureaucracy.

But for an institution like ours to be able to continue to serve the public in a more efficient manner, large funds are necessary. We have yet to improve our paper in so many ways and see that it represents and safe-guard the interests of Andhras, not only in Andhradesa proper, but also Andhras domiciled in Tamilnadu, Bombay, Poona, Rangoon and other places. It means more money, without which, we cannot adequately serve the public. For the Ashram, to attract more inmates, who can serve the national cause also requires funds. I therefore appeal to the public, especially the Telugu sections of Bombay to extend their well-known generosity to us, and contribute their mite. Those willing to help are requested to send their donations to the Manager, Gautami Satyagraha Ashram, Sitanagaram, (via) Kowour, M.S.M. Rly., Andhradesa.

INDIAN MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

The eighteenth annual report of the Indian Mercantile Insurance Co. Ltd., for the year ending 31st December, 1925, shows that the Nett Premium income earned by the Company, after deducting all re-insurances, refunds, brokerage, etc., amounted to Rs. 92,769-1-10. The Income from Investments and Transfer fees totalled Rs. 42,518-8-3, which together with the Fire Insurance Fund of Rs. 1,00,000-0-0 on the 1st January 1925, brought in from the previous year's account amounts to Rs. 1,42,518-8-3, thus making the total of the credit side of both the Revenue accounts Rs. 2,35,287-10-1.

On the expenditure side, the fire losses paid as well as outstanding at the 31st December 1925 absorbed Rs. 10,631-7-5 representing 11.46 per cent. of the Nett Premium received during the year. The expeanses of management, stationery, stamps on Policies, etc., with the Directors' and Auditors' Fees and income tax for the year 1925-26, amounted to Rs. 25,723-12-10.

As stated above, the aggregate receipt of the Company has reached to Rs. 2,35,287-10-1 while the total of the expenditure side from both the accounts comes to Rs. 1,71,355-4-3, leaving a Credit Balance of Rs. 63,932-5-10, which together with the last year's Balance of Rs. 6,756-9-11, makes up the total Rs. 70,688-15-9.

	Rs.
For payment of Dividend at the rate 12½ per cent. Rs. 2/8 per Share absorbing	52,882-8-0
For payment of Bonus to the office Staff	2,000-0-0
Reserved fund Account	10,000-0-0
Balance to be carried forward	5,806-7-9
Total	70,688-15-9

The Marquis of Clydesdale and Mr. Edward Eagan arrived at Rangoon on Tuesday by the "Arankola" from Calcutta. They will leave on Thursday for Singapore and then proceed to Australia and New Zealand and later on to China and Japan before returning home. They said as they had remained long in India they had not enough time to stay in Burma.

GOLDEN SMOKES BRING GOLDEN SMILES!

The pure unadulterated Virginia Tobacco, Golden in colour, Golden in quality, will bring contentment with every smoke and

WILL NOT AFFECT YOUR THROAT

PASSING SHOW

VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

50 for Rs 1.4 IN AIRTIGHT TINS — MADE IN LONDON — 10 for 4 ANNAS IN PACKETS

MADE IN LONDON, ENGLAND, BY CARRERAS, Ltd. 136 years' reputation for Quality.

Chyabanaprash Rs. 3 per Seer — **ADHYAKSHA MATHUR BABU'S** — Makaradhwaja Rs. 4 per Tola

DASANA SANSKAR CHURNA /3/- per pot
MOHA BHRINGARAJ OIL 6/- per seer

SARIBADYARISHTA 3/- per seer 8 oz. bottle /12/-
JWARANTAK JOG /8/- per week.

—:o:—

Dacca Sakti Aushadhalay

The Premier the best, the Cheapest, and the most reliable Ayurvedic Factory in India. Estd. in 1901.

Factory—Swamibag Road, Dacca. - - - - - - *Head Office Patuatuli St. Dacca.*

Calcutta Head Office—52-1, Beadon St. [Calcutta Branches—134, Bowbazar St. 227, Harrison Road, 71-1, Russa Road, BHOWANIPORE.

Other Branches at Mymensingh, Chittagong, Sylhet, Rungpore, Gauhati, Bogra, Jalpaiguri, Serajgunj, Patna, Benares, Allahabad, Lucknow, Madras, Rajsahi, Midnapur, Berhampur, Madaripur, Bhagalpur and Cawnpur.

Catalogue and Treatise on Ayurvedic treatment with the remarks of their Excellencies the Governors of Bengal, Behar and Orissa and Deshabandhu Das, Navab Shamshul-Huda &c., sent free.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

KURWA & KAJIJI

Shipchandlers, Ironmongers & Contractors

DEALERS IN

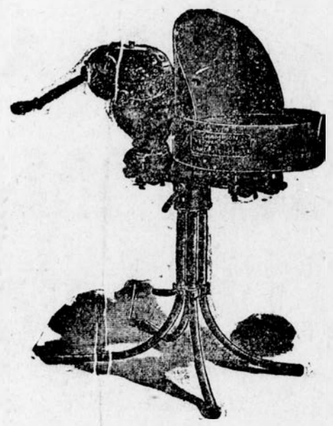
ENGINEERS' & CONTRACTORS' TOOLS

142-44, Abdul Reheman Street,

BOMBAY

Telegram KAYENKAY: BOMBAY.

Telephone No. 20633.



No. 4 Edinburgh

I bid me forth into the rain and have much wetness thrust upon me.

Dinner with G. soon cheered me, he being a man of few words and fine whisky.

Which accounted, I suppose for a sense of extreme well-being and ineffable peace, from which I was aroused by Grandfather in the corner chiming the hour of midnight. G. stirred, pulled out his chain until his Gold "SPECIAL" appeared, looked at it, at Grandfather, at me, nodded and drowsed off again.

Another West End Right by the Grandfather Clock! Good enough!

Catalogues Free

West-End Watch Co

BOMBAY CALCUTTA

Let's Enjoy Life!

Do you enjoy your leisure or are you so tired at the close of the day that you are only too glad to rest? All day you are using up energy—energy which must be renewed. Without this power of renewal there comes a point when you can do no more. That is exhaustion!

The effects of fatigue have been strikingly shown by recent scientific tests published in the "Medical Echo." The amount of energy spent after 6 hours' work was accurately measured by the Scheiner test.

Tests were made on a group of people before they took Sanatogen, and again after they had taken Sanatogen twice daily for 14 days. The following observations were made.

Fatigue after 6 hours' continuous work:

Without Sanatogen 92% With Sanatogen 33%

That means that after a fortnight's use of Sanatogen the workers had a gain of over 50% energy.

Sanatogen is a mighty nerve-food—recharging every cell of your body with the proper supply of health-giving substances. Begin taking Sanatogen to-day, almost immediately you will feel a new energy, and a new joy in life; and you will be "fit and fresh" at the close of the day's duties to enjoy your evenings.

SANATOGEN

The True Tonic-Food.

Sold by all chemists and stores.

HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.

ELECTRIC FANS FIXTURES ACCESSORIES KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.

THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,

HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE MOST POPULAR PAPER IN NORTHERN INDIA

The Hindustan Times,

Is the best advertising medium, being issued from the Imperial City and having a very wide circulation in the provinces of U. P., the Punjab, Central Provinces, Rajputana, Delhi, N. W. F. Provinces, and the Indian States.

Apply:—

MANAGER,

HINDUSTAN TIMES, DELHI.

READ

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

DAILY & SUNDAY

RETAIL PRICE

ONE ANNA only

The "Daily" and "Sunday" Editions of the "Bombay Chronicle" can be obtained from any of the following agents:—

AHMEDABAD.—Shah Surajmal Chunilal.
AHMEDNAGAR CAMP.—Messrs. A. J. D'Souza & Co.
AJMER.—Messrs. B. B. & Sons.
AKOLA.—Mr. P. K. Vaidya.
AMRAOTI.—Mr. M. S. Perkar.
AGRA.—Mr. A. N. Takru.
BARODA.—Mr. M. C. Mothari.
BAGALKOT.—V. J. Parvatikar.
BIJAPUR.—Mr. P. S. Apte.
BIKANER.—Mr. Chhagin Ram Kunjilal Gahlot.
BELGAUM.—Messrs. V. V. Brothers.
BHAVNAGAR.—Mr. Jethalal Kalianji Trivedi.
BHUSAWAL.—Mr. Govind Gajanan.
BHUSAWAL.—Messrs. Sequeira & Sons.
BIKANER.—Chhagniram Kunjilal Gahlot.
BROACH.—Mr. H. D. Gulamhussein.
CAWNPURE.—Mr. Dindayal Sharma.
DELHI.—Messrs. R. K. Bros.
DHARWAR.—Students' Own Book Depot
DHOLA JN.—Mr. Dayaram Jivanram Bhatt.
DHULIA.—Mr. V. A. Killedar.
GADAG.—Mr. B. K. Asundi.
GHATKOPER.—M. H. Varma.
GODHRA.—Mr. Jaswantlal J. Pandya.
HUBLI.—Mr. A. M. Dalvi.
HYDERABAD SIND.—S. J. Co-operative Society.
HYDERABAD DN.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna
INDORE CITY.—Messrs. B. Warune & Co.
JALGAON.—Mr. Vishnu Ganesh Bhave.
JAMNAGAR.—Mr. Jethalal P. Bhagat.
JHANSI.—Ganesh Prasad.
JHANSI.—Ganesh Prasad.
JODHPUR.—Mr. Kishora Lal.
JUBBULPUR.—R. D. Mehta and Co.
JUNAGADH.—Mr. Maganlal K. Parekh.
KARACHI CITY.—Mr. Hariram P Chande.
KOLHAPUR.—Mr. B. T. Luktuke.
KARACHI CANTT.—Standard Book Stall
KALYAN.—Mr. M. H. Varma.
KIRKEE.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
LONAVLA.—Lonavla Co-operative Society.
MADRAS.—The Madras News Agency.
MADURA.—Mr. M. Muthurelappa Moodaliar.
MAHABLESHWAR.—Mahableshwar Stores & Pharmacy.
MATHERAN.—Lord's Matheran Stores.
MHOW.—Mr. Hardayal Varma.
NAGPUR.—Mr. D. S. Marulkar.
NASIK.—Mr. B. K. Mithasagarkar.
PALGHAT.—Mr. K. C. K. Thampan.
PRANTIJ.—Mr Shah Ratilal Keshavlal.
POONA.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
POONA CITY.—Oppo. Vishram Bag.—Messrs. Kelkar & Bros.
236, Budhwarpeth.—Messrs. D. V. Saptarshi.
497, Budhwarpeth.—Messrs. Abdul Kader Ebhramjee.
POONA CANTTS.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
RAIPUR.—Mr. A. T. Bose.
RAJKOT CITY.—Messrs. Dave Vyas & Co.
RATNAGIRI.—Mr. D. G. Mukadam.
SANGLI.—Mr. S. A. Kulkarni.
SATARA.—Mr. G. K. Kanitkar.
SECUNDERABAD.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna
SIMLA—Pohlomal, Manager, News Agency.
SURAT.—Mr. C. A. Kaji.
THANA.—Mr. Laxman R. Purohit.
WARDHA.—Mr. M. B. Deshpande.
ALL THE RAILWAY STATION BOOK-STALLS OF MESSRS. A. H. WHEELER & CO. AND MESSRS. HIGGINBOTHAMS LTD.

The opportunity to extend your Business will be afforded to you by

'SWARAJYA'

The most popular daily published both in English and Tamil (Vernacular). By advertising in it you will find a

"MARKET"

for your wares and manufactures in

"SOUTH INDIA"

including the Indian State-Mysore, Travancore and Cochin

For Rates and Particulars please write to

Manager, Swarajya,

Broadway, Madras

For 1000 Imperial Specials COUPONS

YOU CAN OBTAIN A

REMINGTON PORTABLE TYPEWRITER.

The following gifts are also offered in exchange for IMPERIAL SPECIALS Coupons. The number of coupons required is shown against each article.

One Solid Silver Cigarette Case for	160 Coupons
One Silver Plated Cigarette Container for	100 "
One No. 2 Box Brownie Camera for	90 "
One Parker Fountain Pen for	85 "
One Mother-o-Pearl & Gold Mounted Cigarette Holder for	80 "
One E. P. N. S. Cigarette Case for	75 "
One No. 0 Box Brownie Camera for	70 "
One Pair Phoenix Ladies' Silk Stockings—Colours, Black, White, Nude & Champagne	50 "
One Dozen Gent's Lawn Handkerchiefs for	50 "
One Set Cuff Links & Studs for	45 "
One Box of 6 Ladies' Handkerchiefs for	40 "
One Rolled Gold & I. Pearl Brooch for	40 "
One " " Slave Bangle for	30 "
One Pair Gent's Phoenix Half Hose for	30 "
One Small Ashtray for	25 "
One Silver Plated "Eversharp" Pencil for	25 "
One Mother-o-Pearl & Silver Mounted Cigarette Holder for	25 "
One Pair Hair Brushes for	25 "
One White "Cameo" Belt for	20 "
One Pair "Relax" Gent's Garters for	20 "
One Gilt Gillette Safety Razor for	20 "
One Vanity Case for	20 "
One "Cutex" 5 Minute Manicure Set for	20 "
Two Packs Linette Playing Cards for	15 "
One Packet of 6 Gillette Razor Blades for	15 "
One Best Quality Shaving Stick for	10 "
One Prophylactic Tooth Brush for	10 "
One Tube Colgate's Tooth Paste for	8 "
One " Kolynos " " "	8 "

NOTE:—Five "IMPERIAL SPECIALS" Packet Fronts are redeemable as the equivalent of one "IMPERIAL SPECIALS" Coupon.

This Free Gift Distribution ceases on 31st Dec. 1926.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE

ARCADIAN TOBACCO Co. LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

P. O. Box 601, CALCUTTA.

Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SORAB P. KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.